

Small Angle X-ray Scattering

Overview of basic data evaluation and analysis

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Biomolekulare NMR-Spektroskopie

ATSAS Package

Collection of tools for data evaluation
and modeling of SAXS and SANS data



<https://www.embl-hamburg.de/biosaxs/software.html>

Platforms:

Linux

Windows

Mac OS

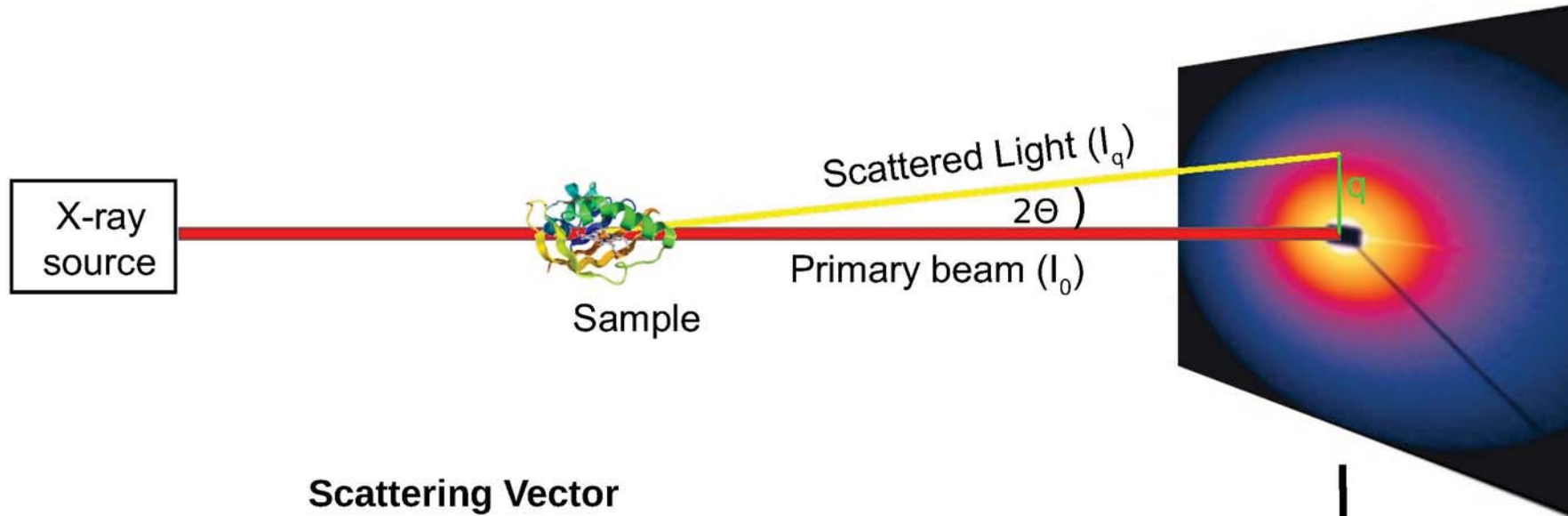
For academic use the software is free.

Download:

<https://www.embl-hamburg.de/biosaxs/download.html>

(Registration required)

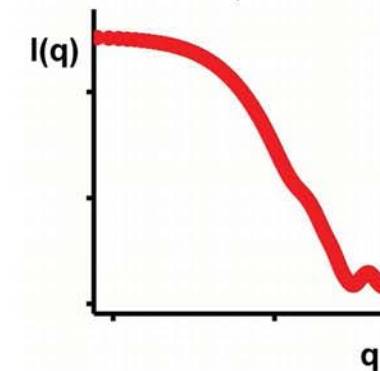
Small Angle X-ray Scattering Experiment



Scattering Vector

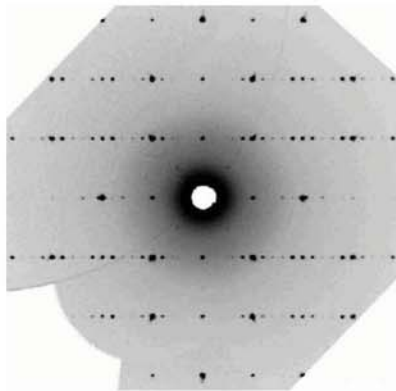
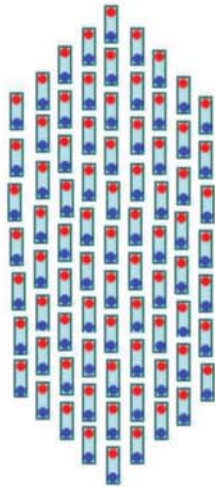
$$|\vec{q}| = \frac{4\pi}{\lambda} \sin 2\Theta \quad \vec{q} = (\vec{k}_s - \vec{k}_0)$$

k_0, k_s Wave vectors of incident and scattered beam
 λ Wavelength of incident beam

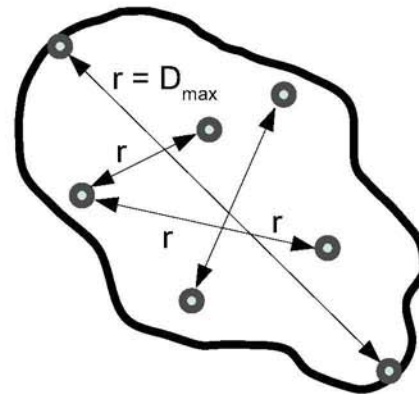
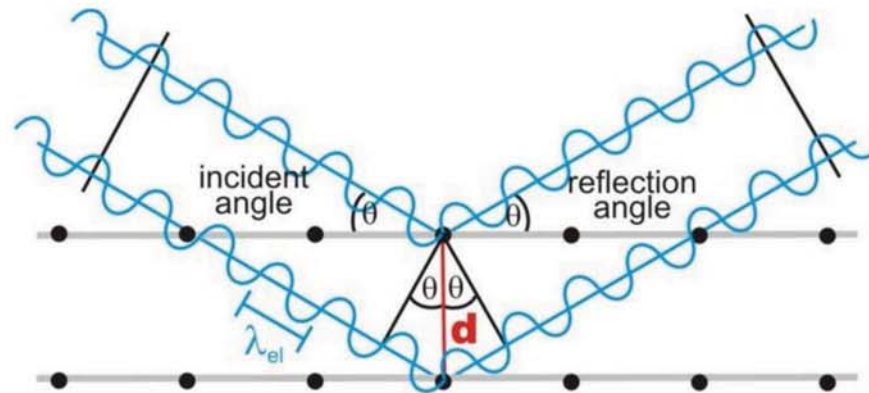


Small angle scattering and Single crystal diffraction

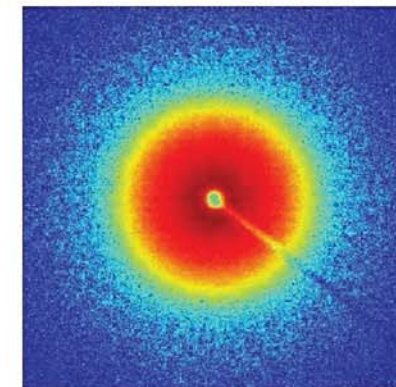
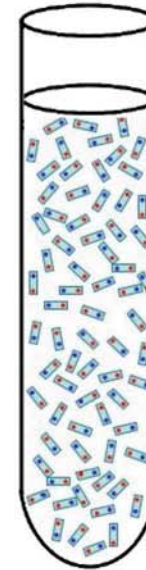
Defined orientation of molecules in a crystal

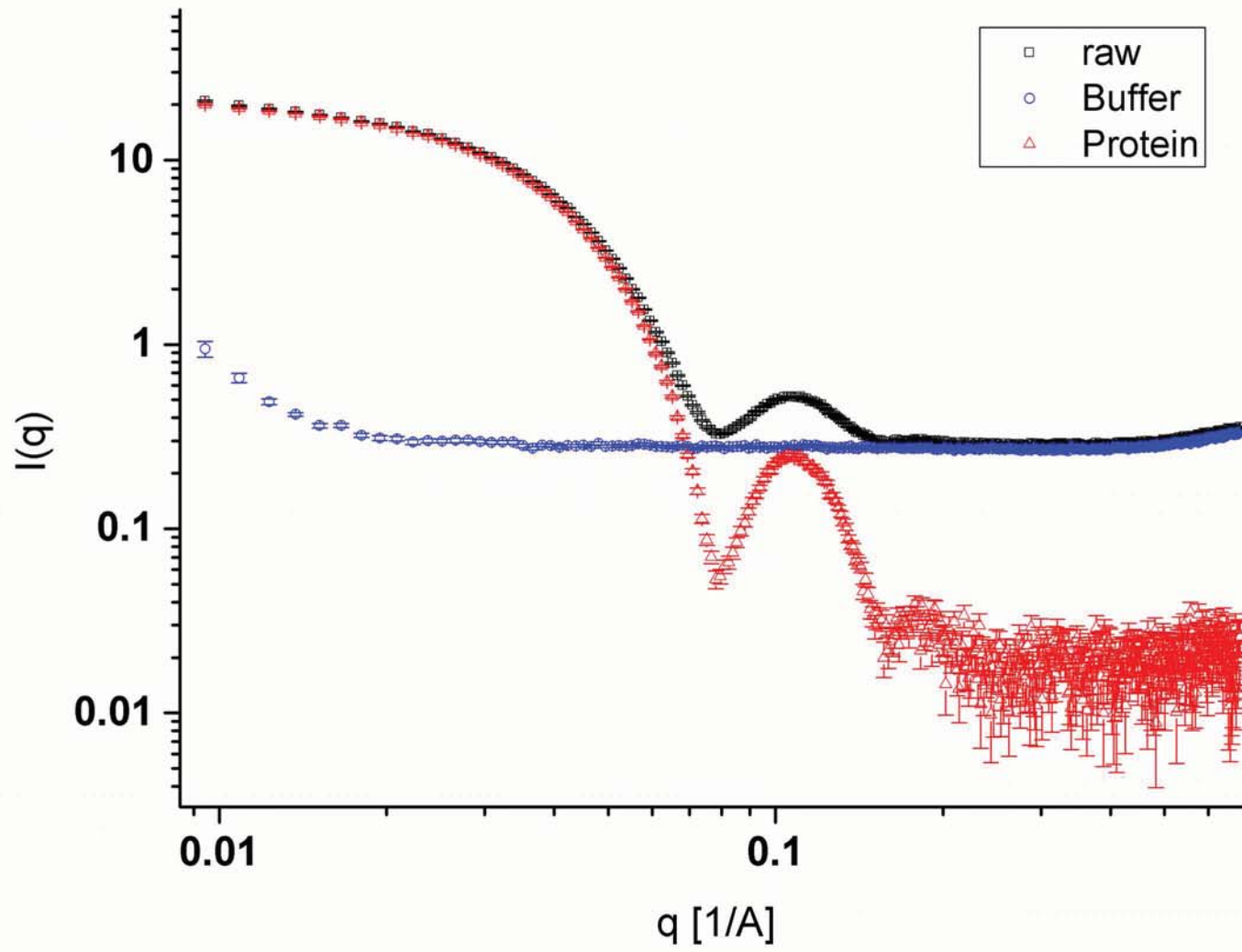


Braggs Law



Random orientation of molecules in solution





What can we learn from Small Angle X-ray Scattering Curves

What we put in = what we get out

What can we learn from Small Angle X-ray Scattering Curves

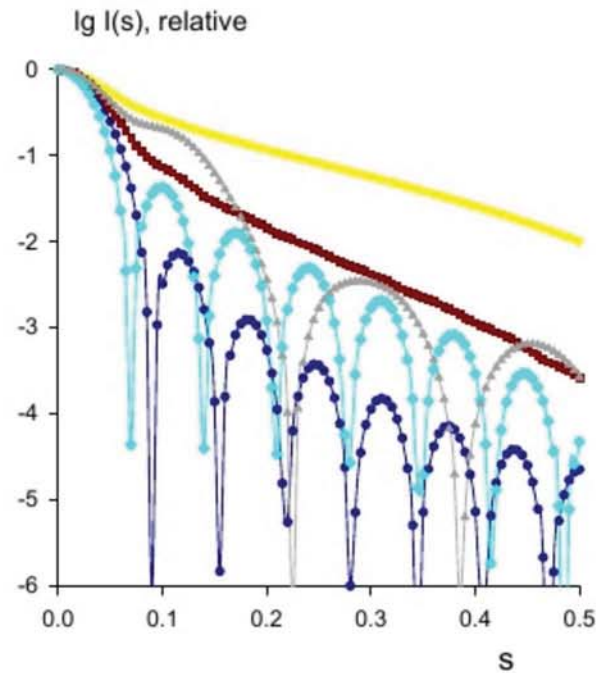
Garbage in = Garbage out

What can we learn from Small Angle X-ray Scattering Curves

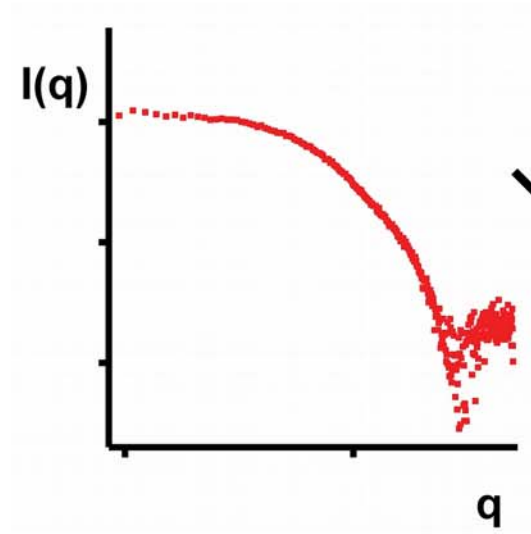
**More secondary information in
=
Much more information out**

Direct Information

Shape

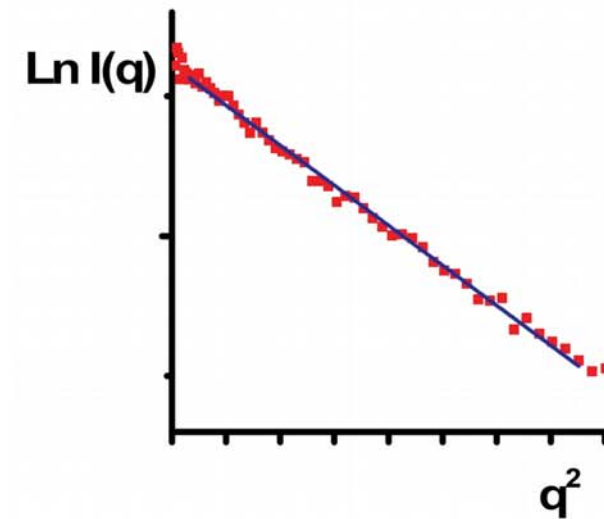


Scattering curve



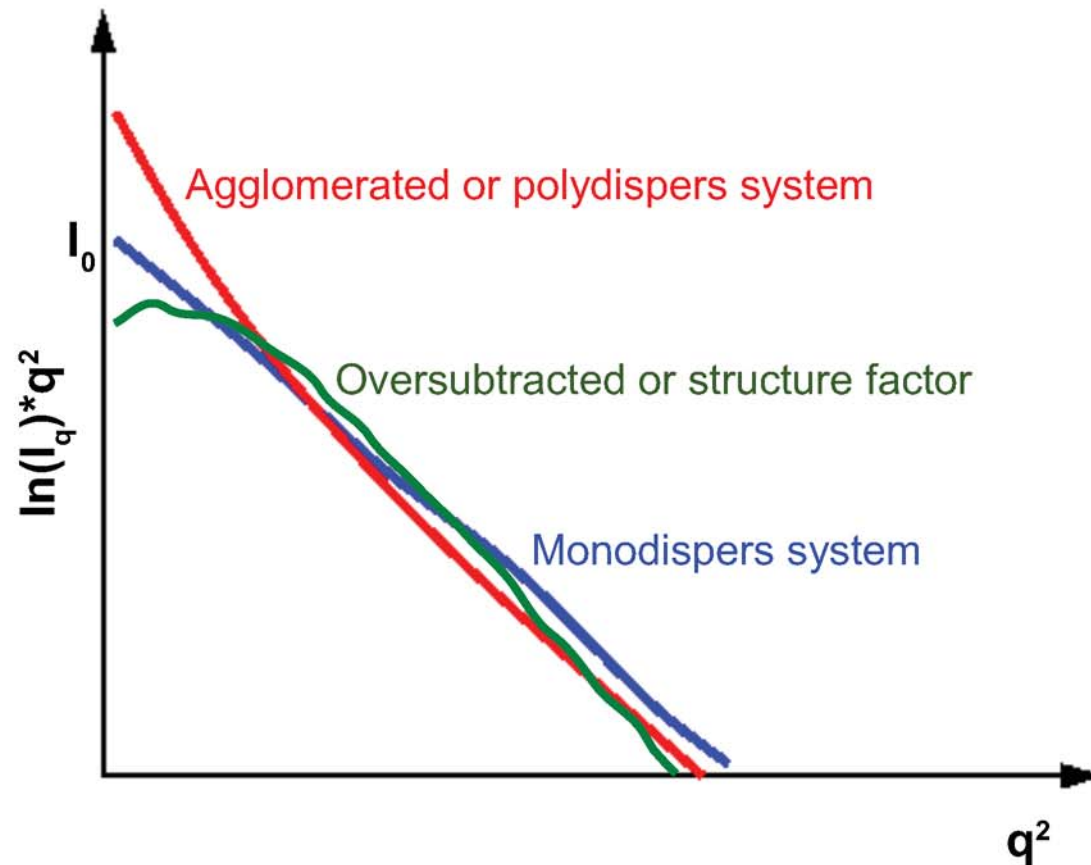
- Radius of Gyration
- I_0 and Molecular Weight
- Dimerisation or ligand binding

Guinier Plot

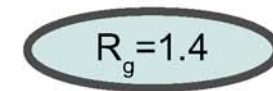


Guinier plot

Radius of Gyration (R_g): Average of square centers of mass distances in a particle



Objects of same mass



Guinier Approximation

$$I(q) \approx I_0 e^{-\frac{R_g^2}{3} q^2}$$

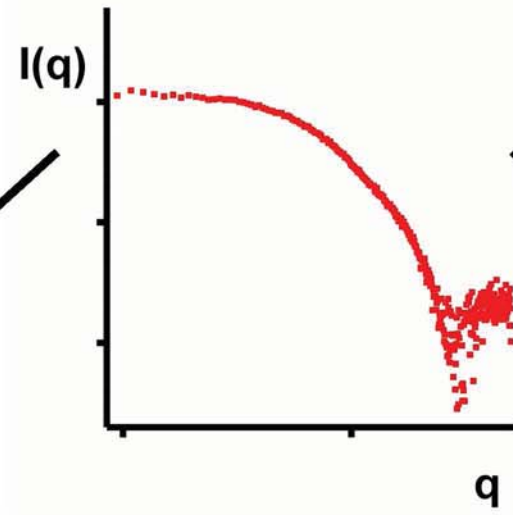
linearisation

$$\ln(I_q) = -\frac{1}{3} R_g^2 q^2 + I_0$$

Limit: $R_g * q < 1.3$

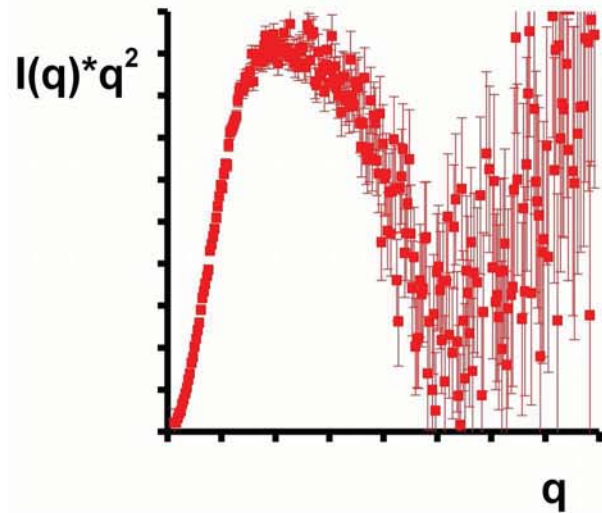
Scattering curve

- State of folding
folded
unfolded
partially folded

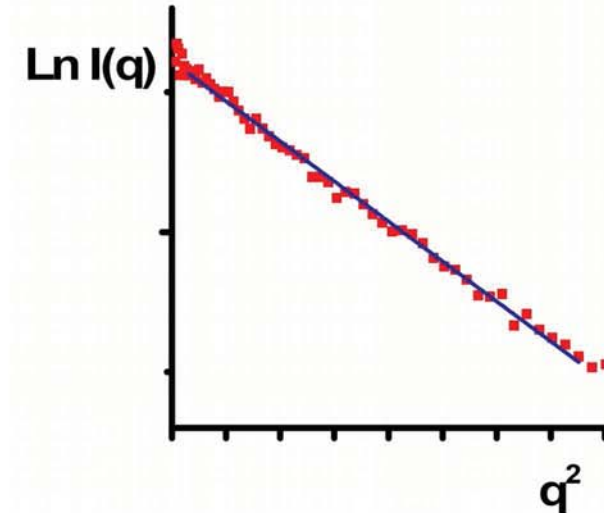


- Radius of Gyration
- I_0 and Molecular Weight
- Dimerisation or ligand binding

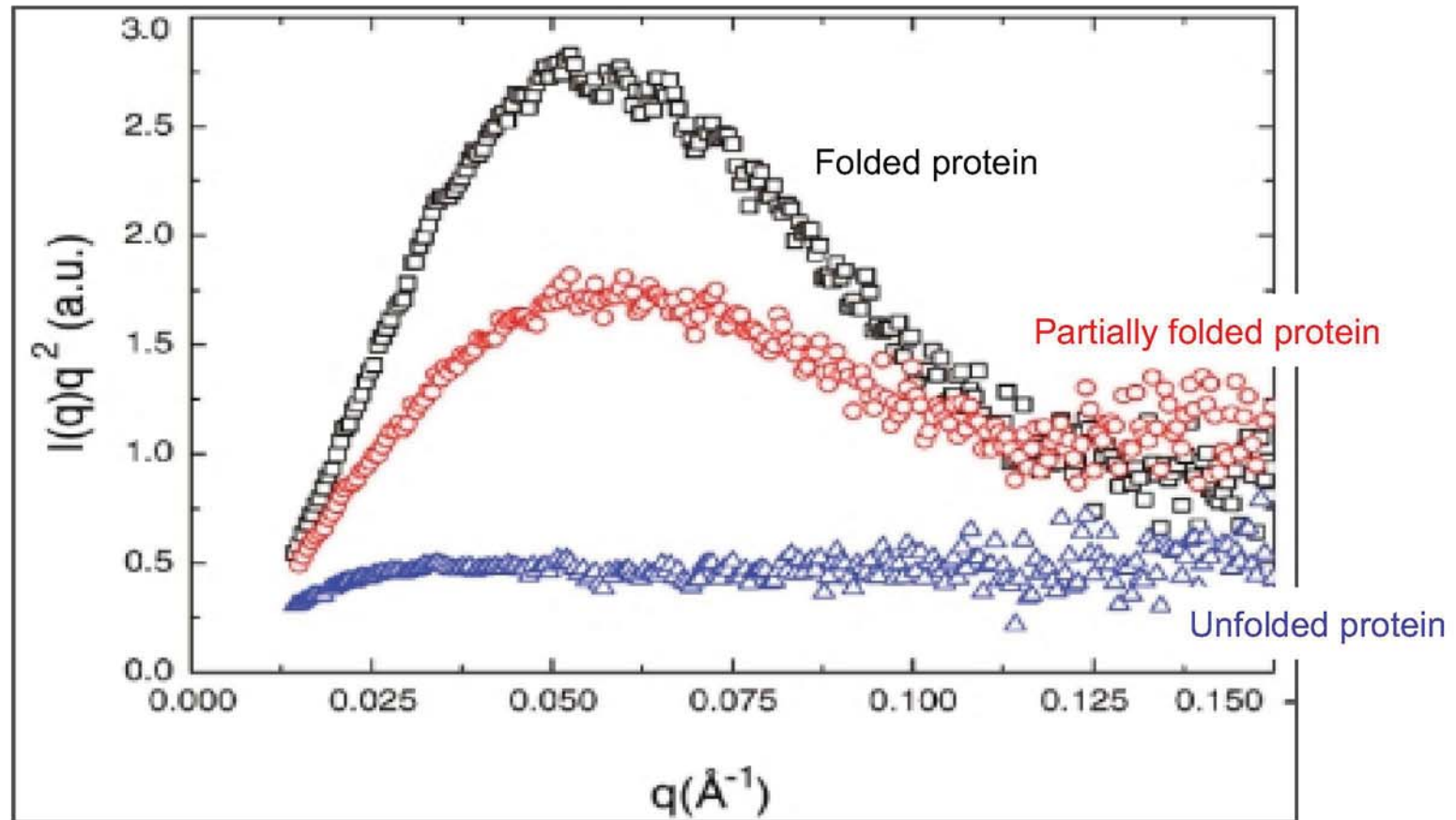
Kratky Plot



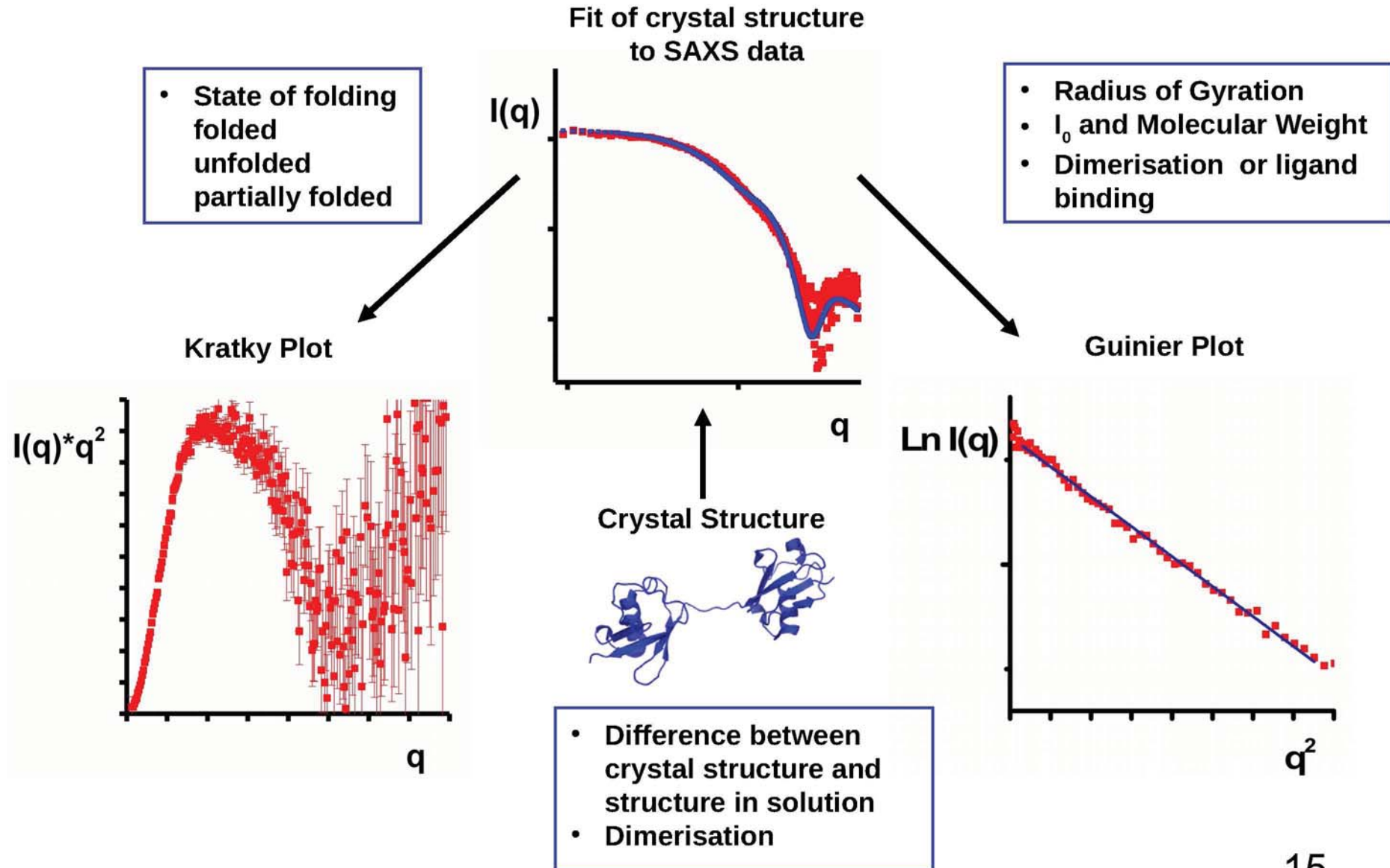
Guinier Plot



Kratky plot

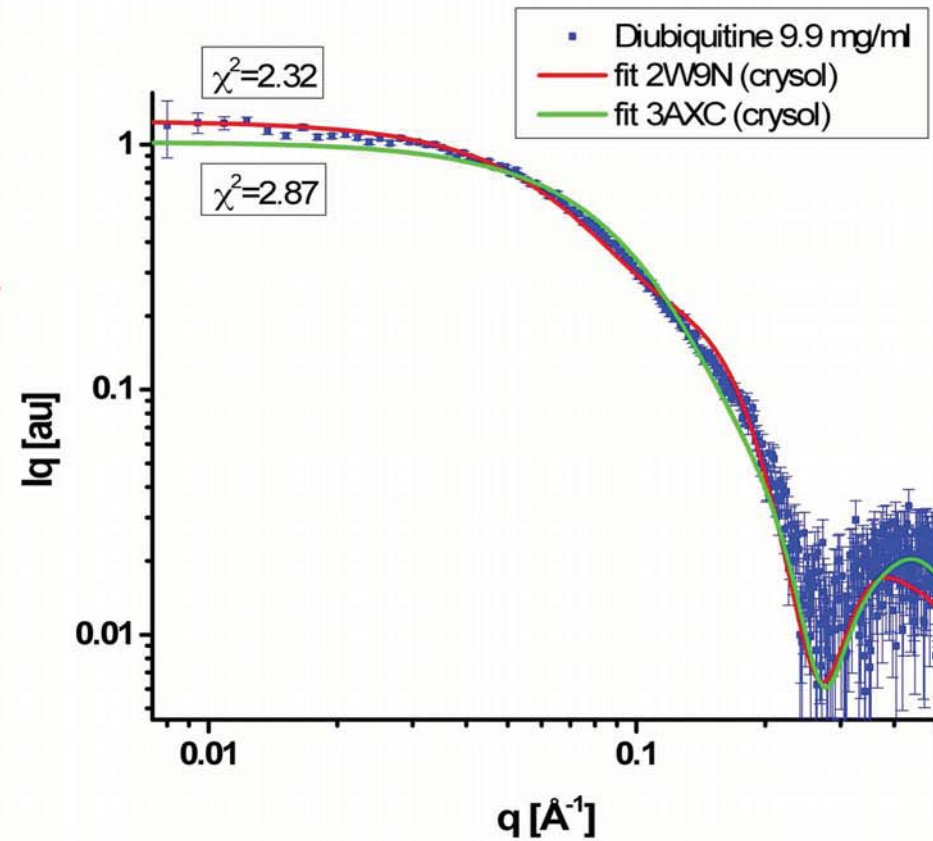
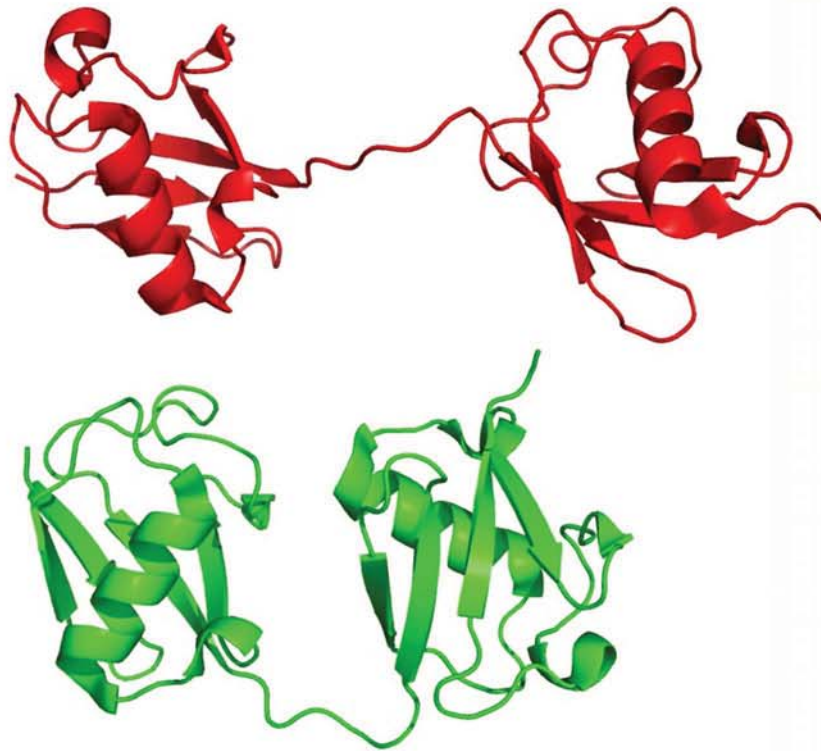


The Kratky plot shows the state of folding of a protein (BSA with increasing concentrations of urea)

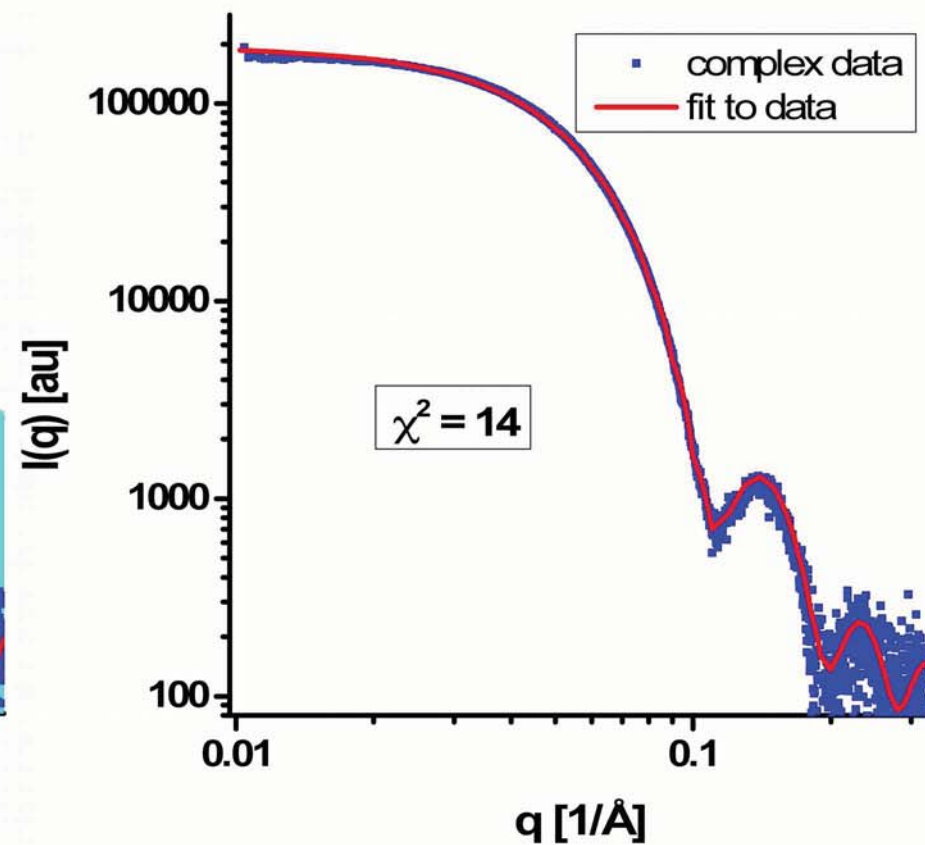
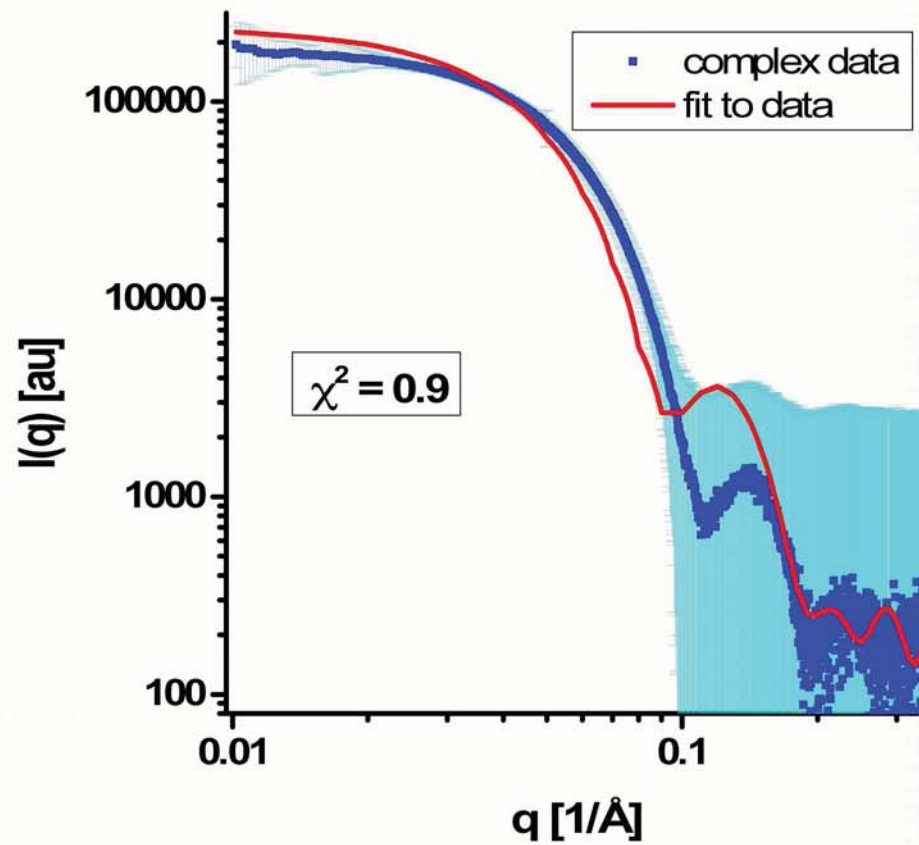


Combination of high resolution models with SAXS CRY SOL

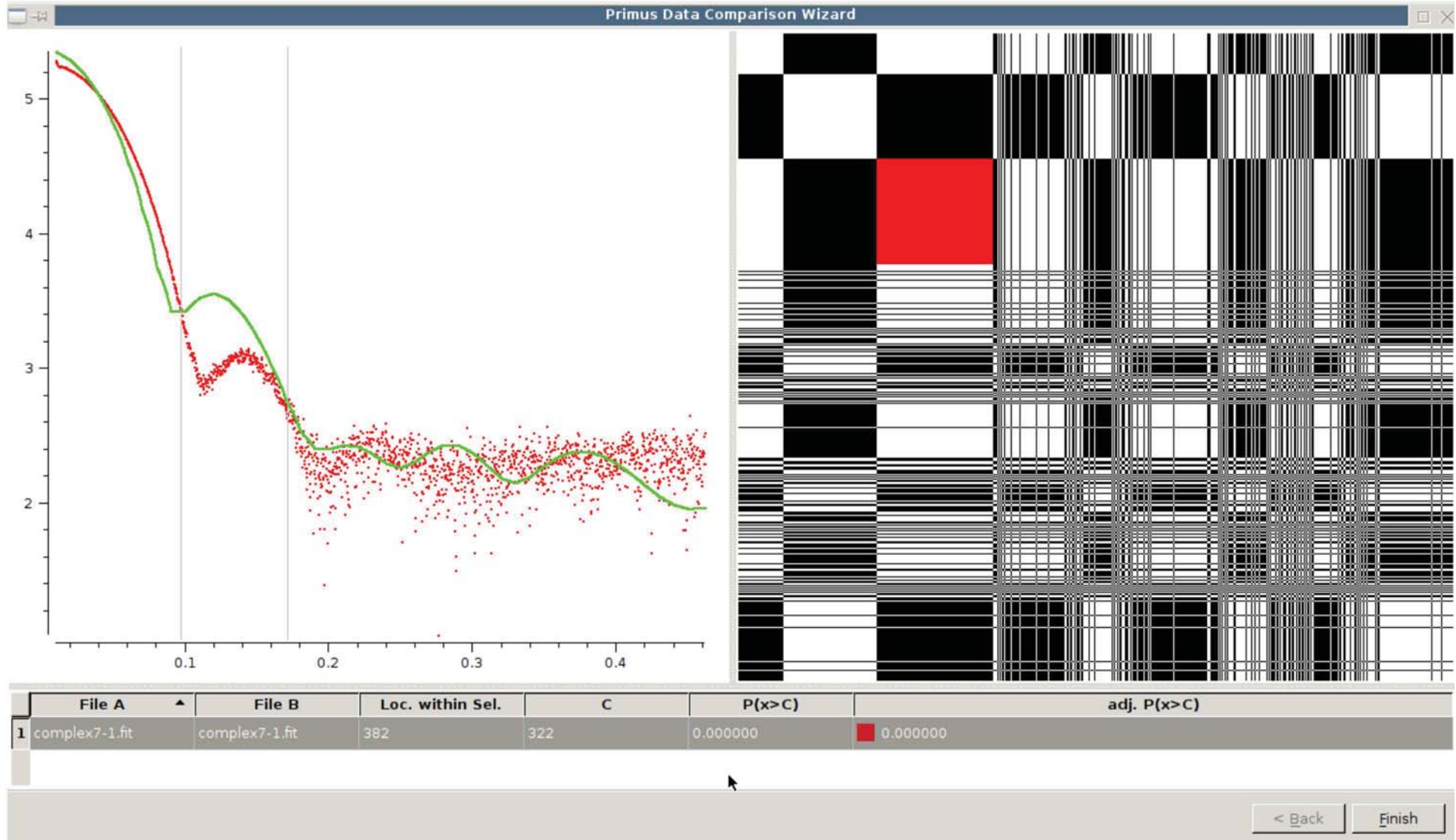
crysol calculates a scattering profile from a high resolution structure and compares to scattering data



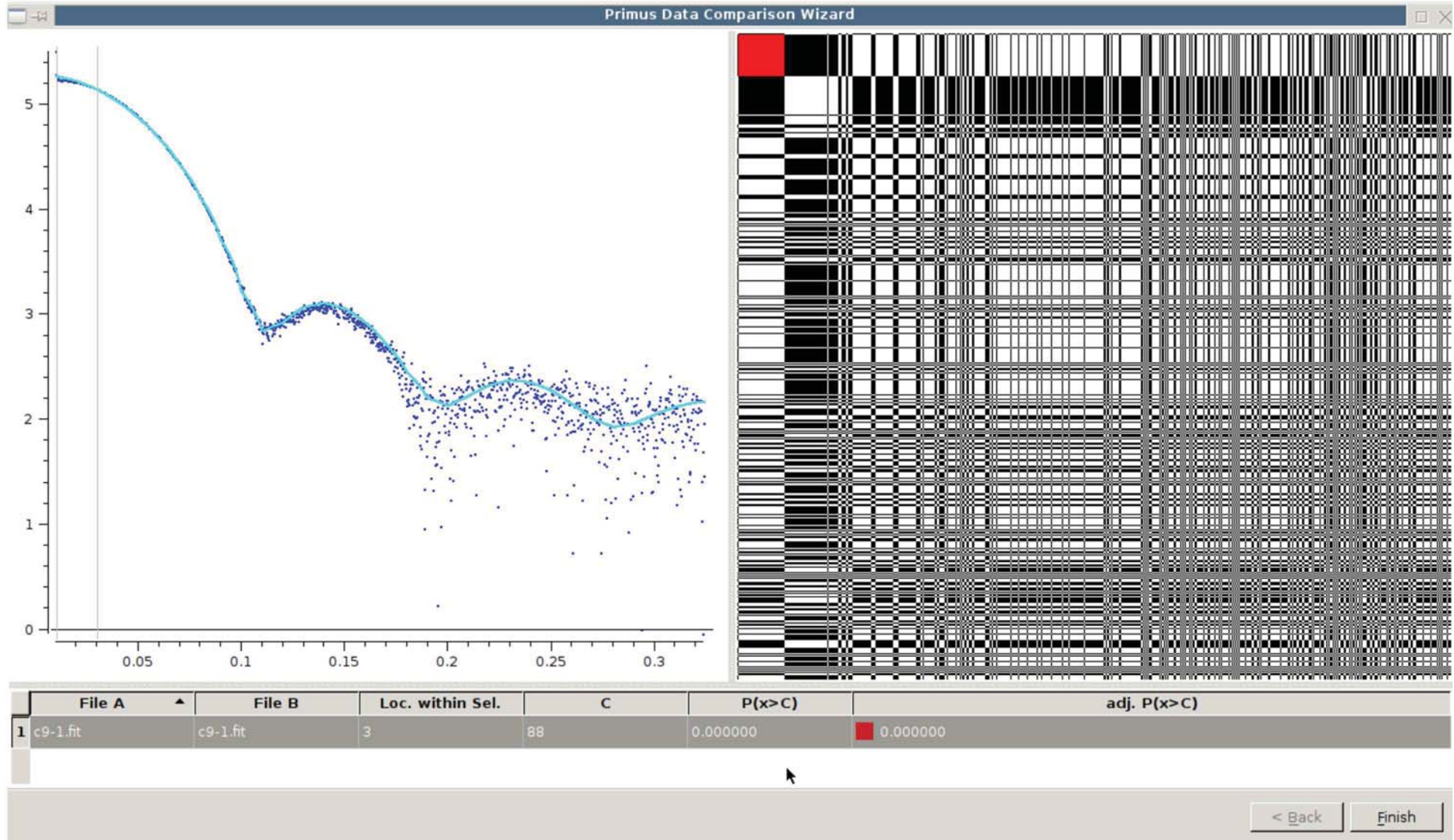
CRYSOL and χ^2 values



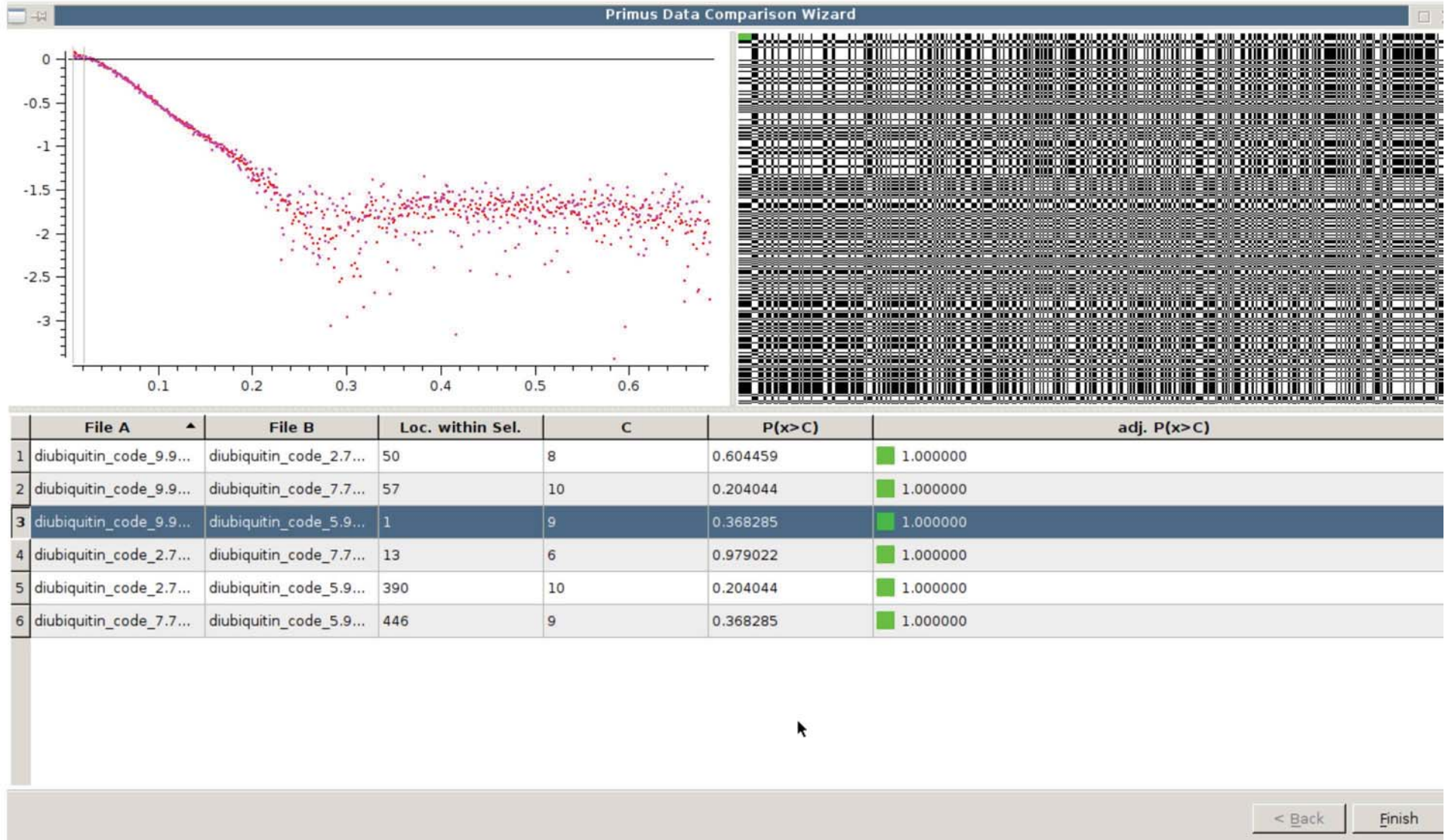
Correlation map primus



Correlation map primus

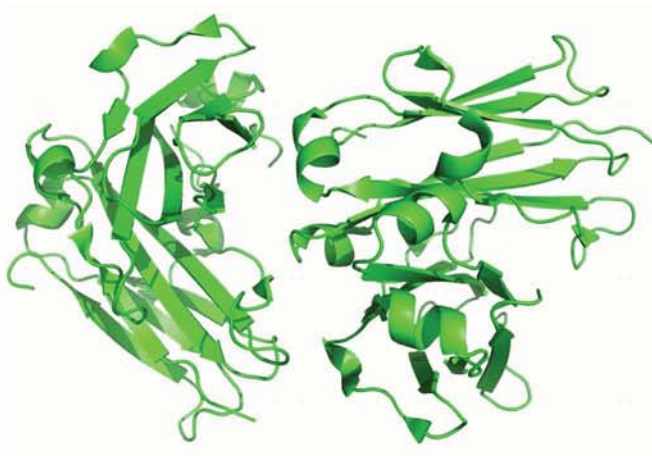


Correlation map primus



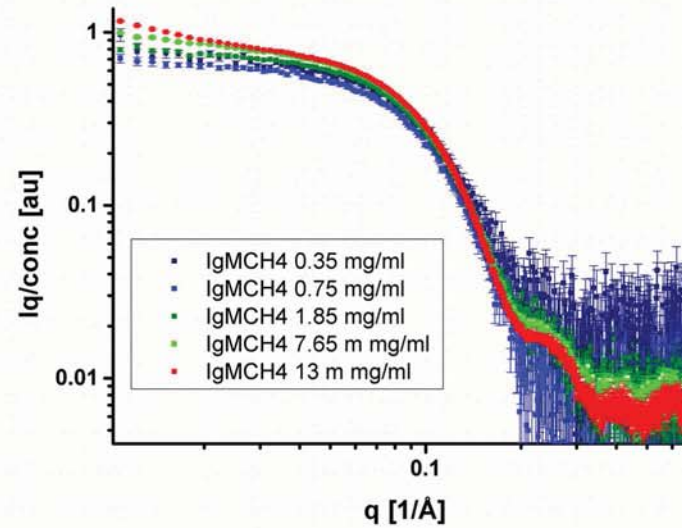
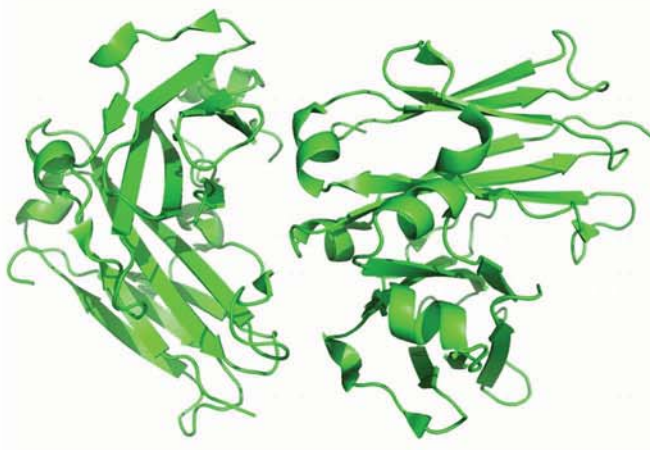
Dimerisation oligomer

IGMCH4 Dimer



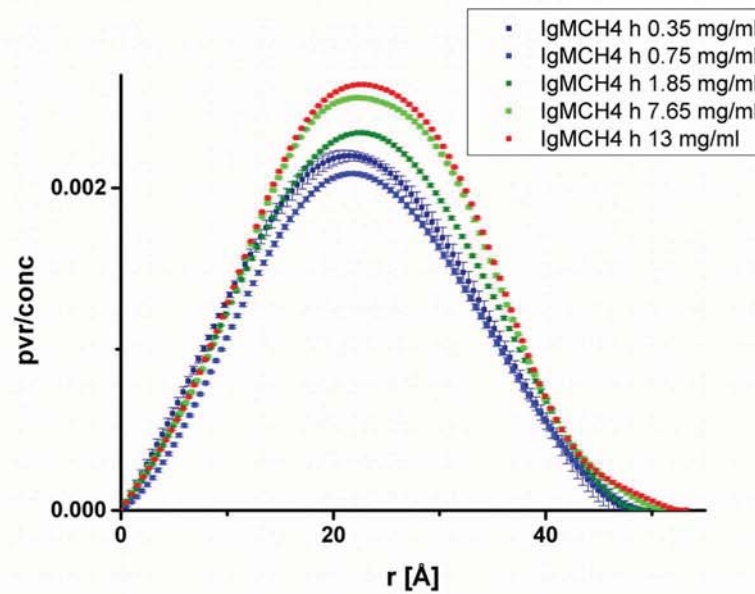
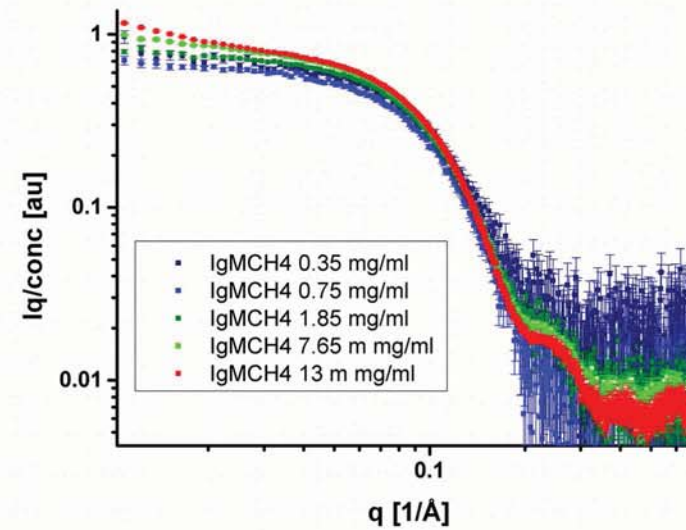
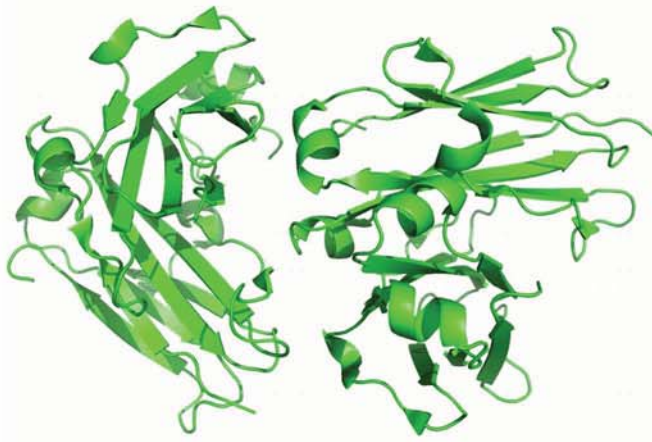
Dimerisation oligomer

IGMCH4 Dimer



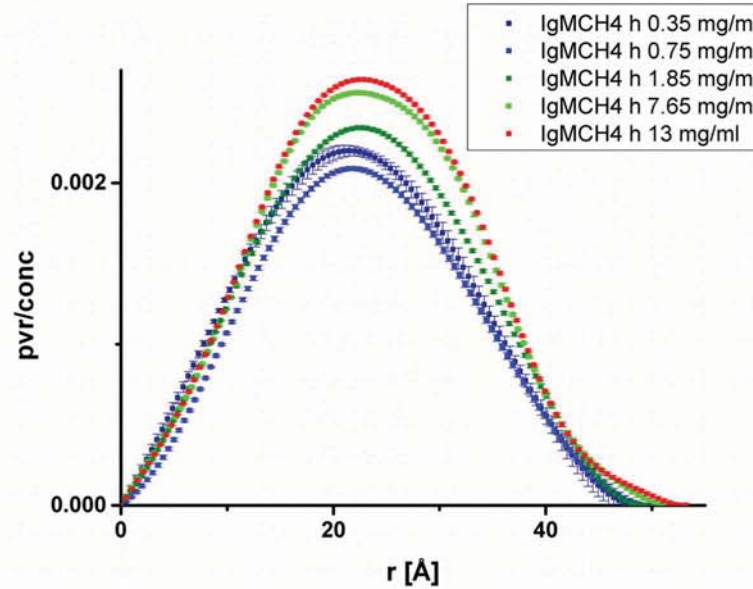
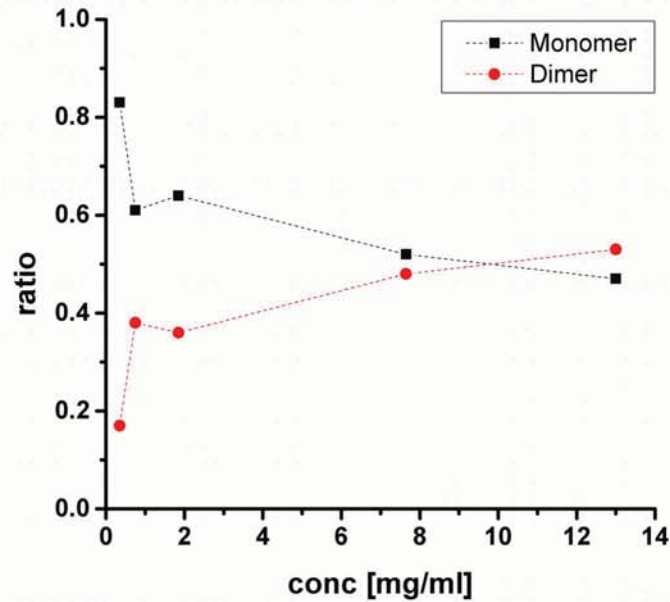
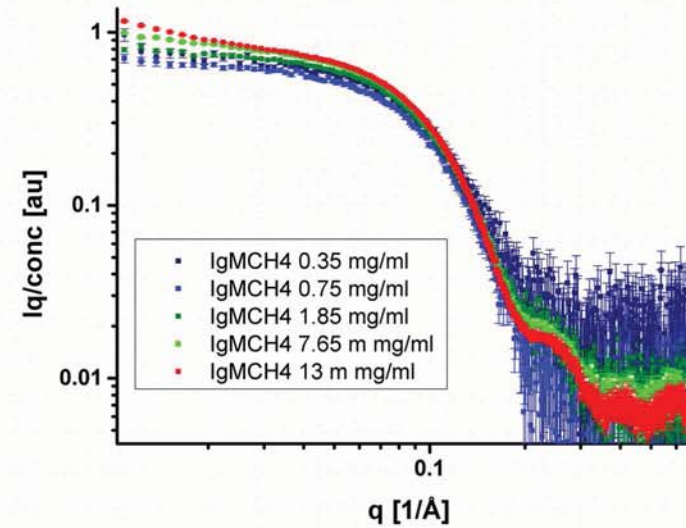
Dimerisation oligomer

IGMCH4 Dimer



Dimerisation oligomer

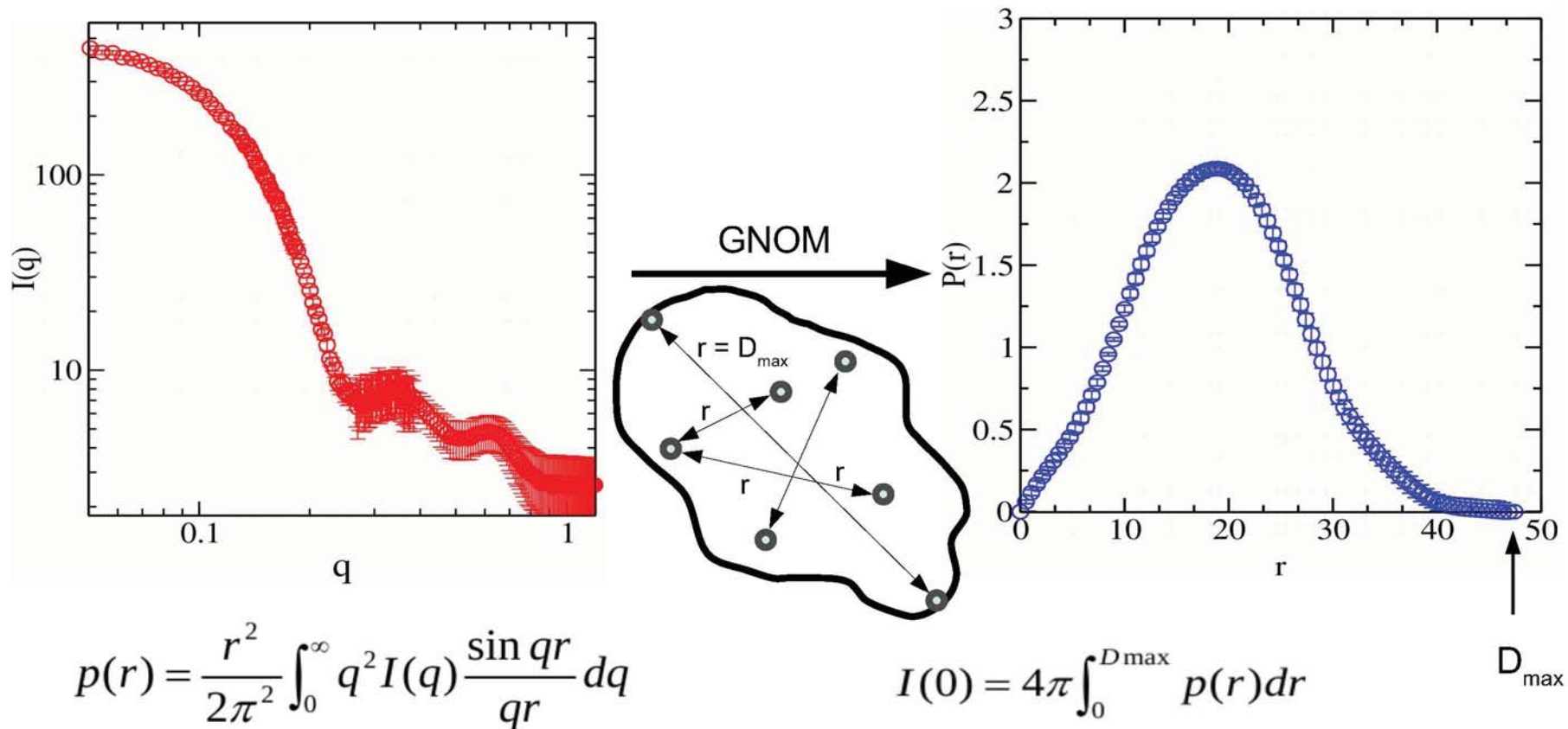
IGMCH4 Dimer



Modeling

Transformation of scattering curves to real space

Transformation of the scattering curve from reciprocal space to real space with the program GNOM to get the **pair distance distribution function $p(r)$ (PDDF)**

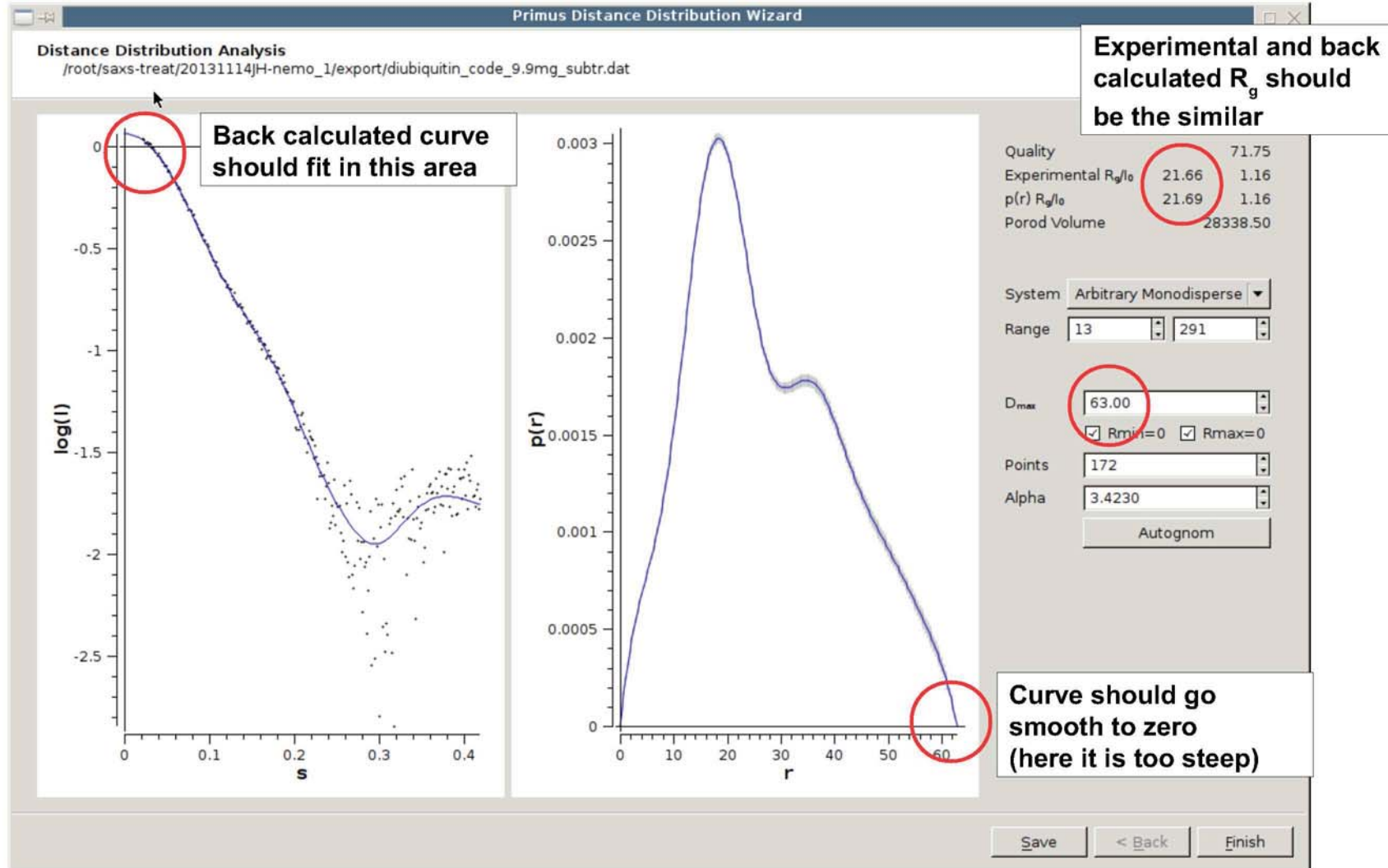


Transformation of scattering curves to real space with GNOM

Primus Distance Distribution Wizard

Distance Distribution Analysis
/root/saxs-treat/20131114/H-nemo_1/export/diubiquitin_code_9.9mg_subtr.dat

Experimental and back calculated R_g should be the similar



| | |
|------------------------|------------|
| Quality | 71.75 |
| Experimental R_g/I_0 | 21.66 1.16 |
| $p(r) R_g/I_0$ | 21.69 1.16 |
| Porod Volume | 28338.50 |

System: Arbitrary Monodisperse

Range: 13 to 291

D_{max} : 63.00

$R_{min}=0$ $R_{max}=0$

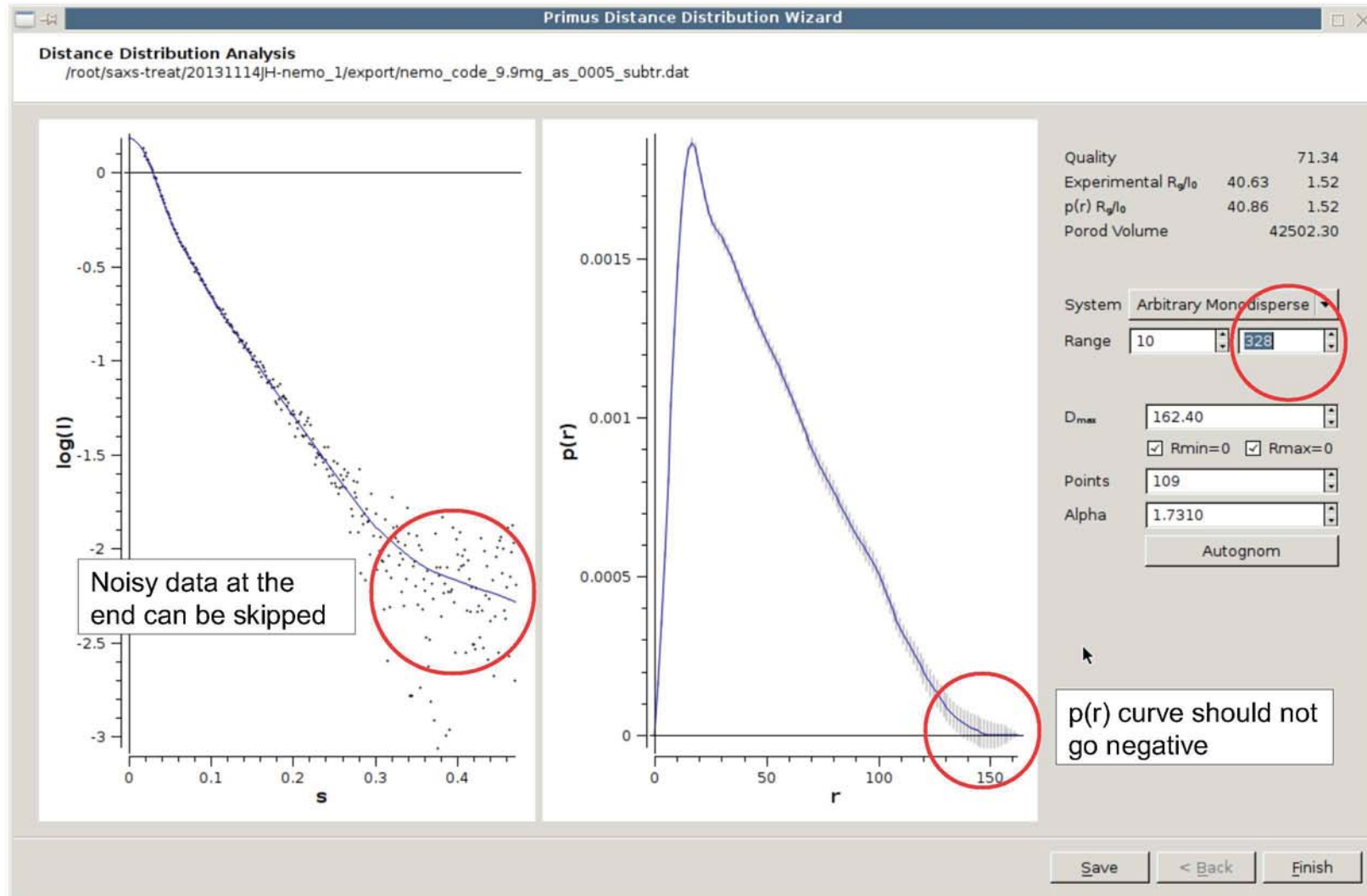
Points: 172

Alpha: 3.4230

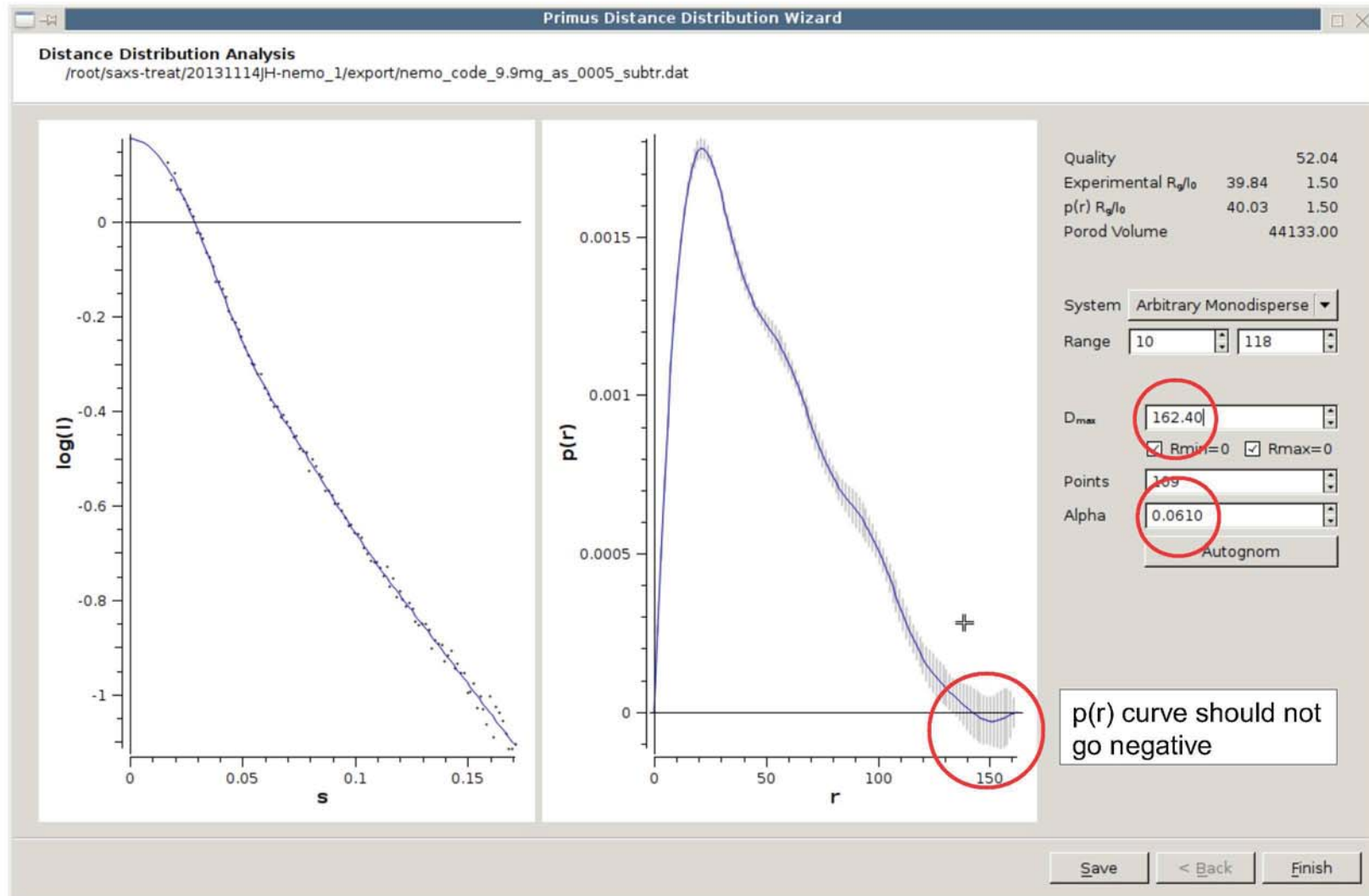
Autognom

Buttons: Save, < Back, Finish

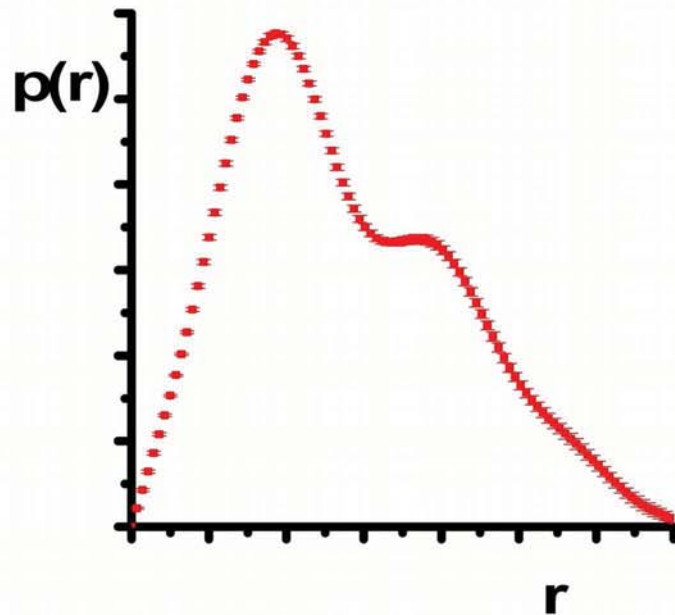
Transformation of scattering curves to real space with GNOM



Transformation of scattering curves to real space with GNOM



Calculating ab initio models

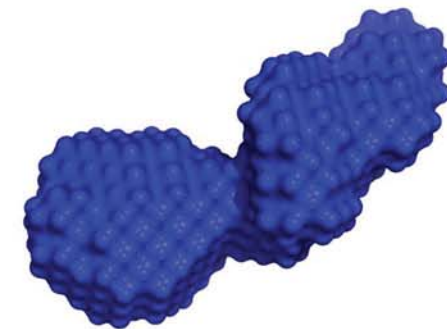
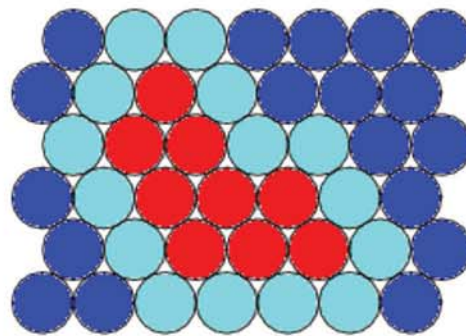
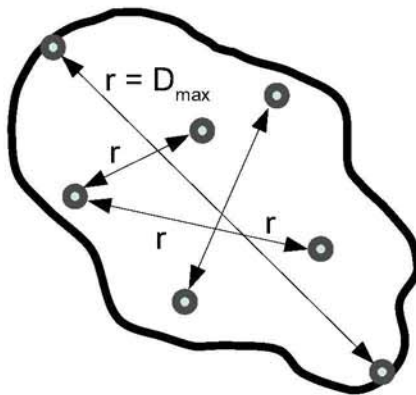


Dammin initially 2000 beads fixed Volume. Each bead can be flipped. Lots of symmetries allowed.

Dammif flexible Volume. Only beads at the phase border can flip. Few symmetries.

Both have problems with flat disks. To avoid this force symmetry (P5, P6)

10-20 models are calculated normally. They are superimposed merged and the result is filtered to the excluded volume of the particle.

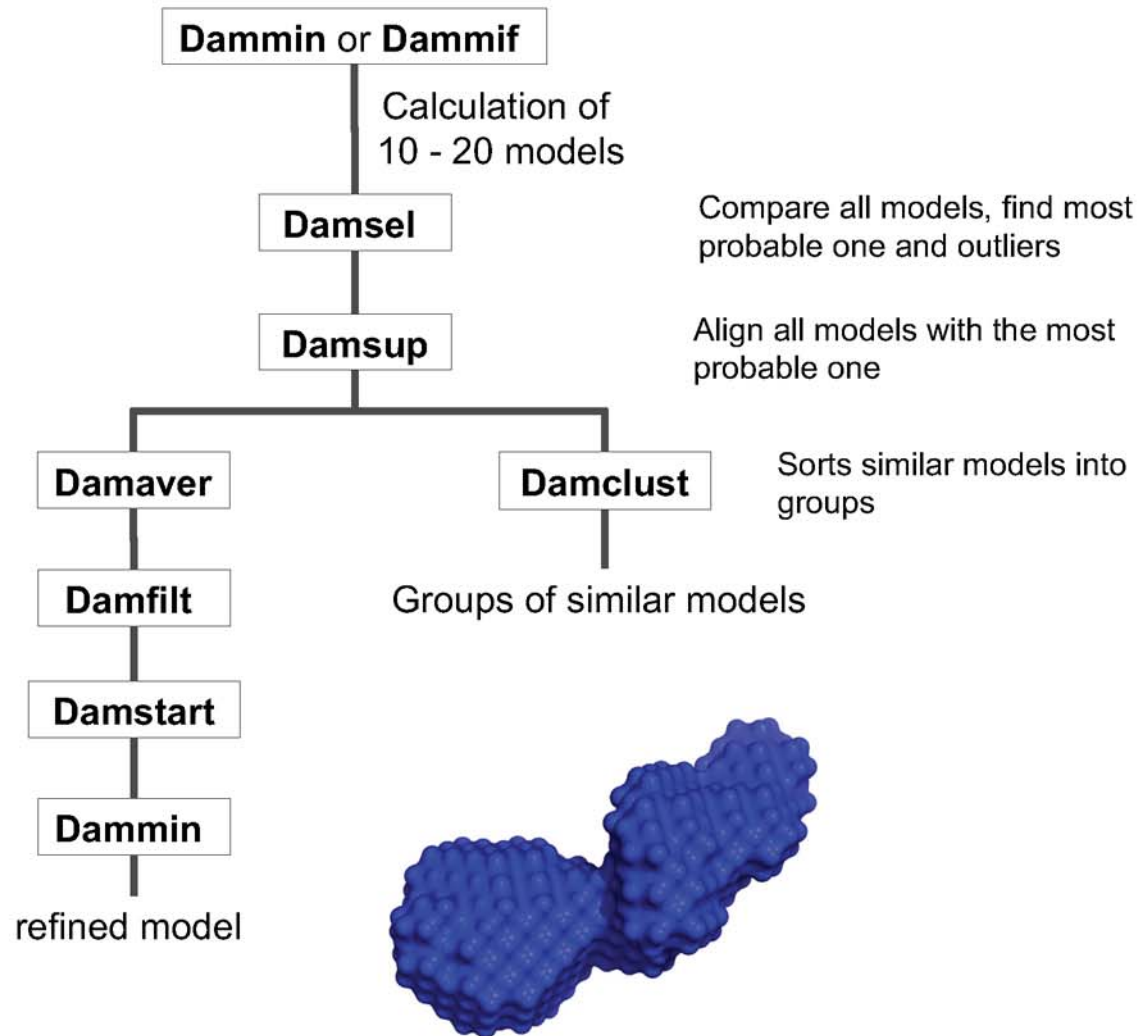


Ab initio shape determination by simulated annealing using a single phase dummy atom model

Average aligned models and compute probability map

Filters the averaged model at a given cut-off volume

Generates an input file from the averaged model with fixed core for dammin



Rigid body modeling

Fit of partial structures to SAXS data

sasref fit of complexes. Input multiple chains. Symetry and distance constrains possible.

coral fit of multi domain proteins. Lines up domains to one chain. Flexible linkers are taken from a database. Symetry and distance constrains possible.

bunch fit of multi domain proteins. Needs a sequence including missing and flexible parts. Domains are rotated around residues of flexible parts. Distance constrains possible.

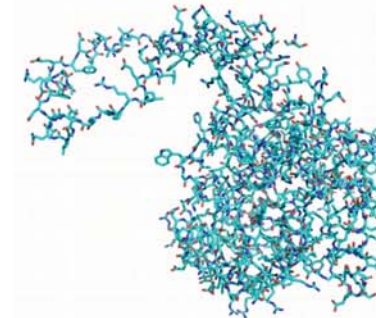
eom ensemble calculation. Produces 10000 structures clusters them to “chromosomes” and fits them with an evolutionary approach to the experimental data. Lines up domains to one chain. Flexible linkers have to be defined. Symetry and distance constrains possible in a limited way.

Fit of partial structures to SAXS data: sasref

```

$ sasref
=== SASREF06 started at      21-May-2015  10:42:49
Computation mode ..... : User
Project identifier ..... : c9
Project description ..... : c9
Random sequence initialized from ..... : 104249989
Total number of subunits ..... : 1
Point symmetry of the particle ..... : P222
Number of equivalent positions ..... : 4
Total number of scattering curves ..... : 1
1-st construct, of the first and the last subunits: 1,1
File name, 1-st experimental data ..... : sub_004.dat
Number of experimental points found ..... : 1370
Angular units multiplied by ..... : 0.1000
Experimental radius of gyration ..... : 248.0
Number of points in the Guinier Plot ..... : 5
Amplitudes, 1-st subunit ..... : mon00.alm
Number of points in partial amplitudes ..... : 51
Maximum order of harmonics ..... : 15
Evaluated from the file ..... : mon.pdb
Current subunit: 3089 atoms read, center at  0.03 -0.02  0.11
Spatial step in angstroms ..... : 5.000
Angular step in degrees ..... : 20.00
Cross value ..... : 68.20
Dock value ..... : 0.0
Discontiguity value ..... : 0.0
Cross penalty weight ..... : 10.00
Disconnectivity penalty weight ..... : 10.00
Docking penalty weight ..... : 0.5000
Expected particle anisometry ..... : Unknown

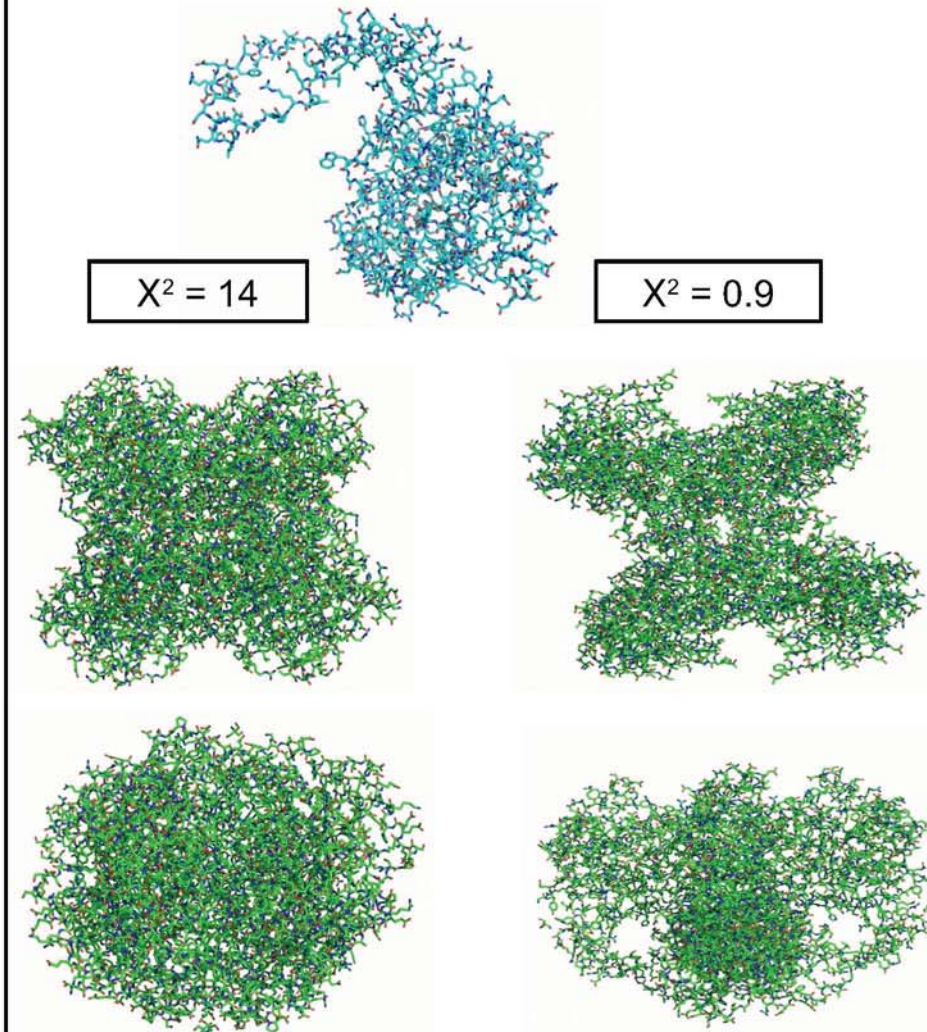
```



Fit of partial structures to SAXS data: sasref

```

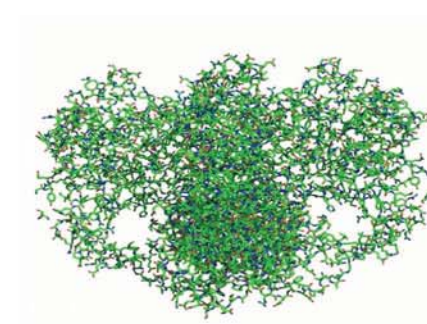
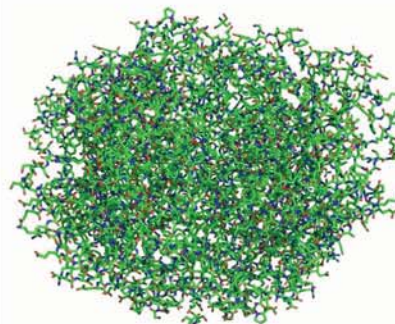
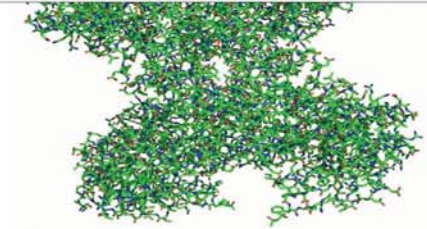
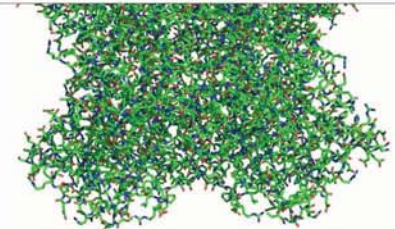
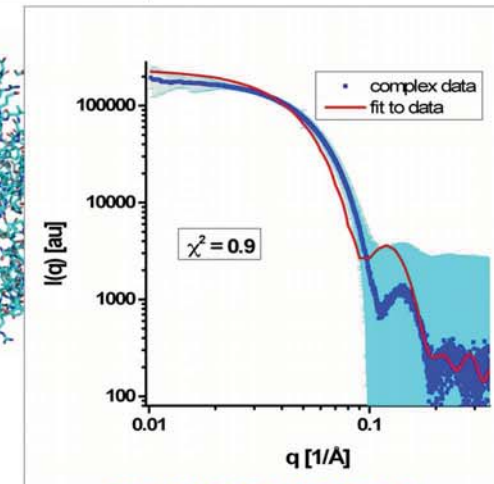
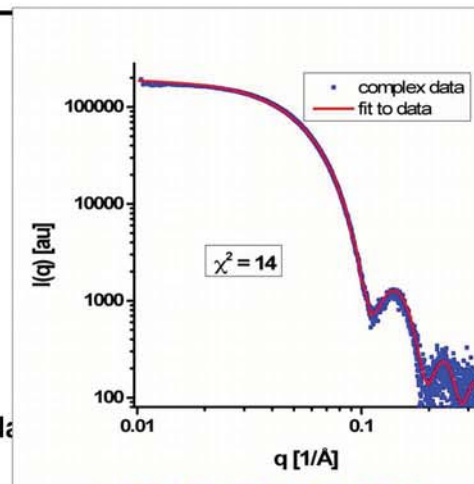
$ sasref
=== SASREF06 started at      21-May-2015  10:42:49
Computation mode ..... : User
Project identifier ..... : c9
Project description ..... : c9
Random sequence initialized from ..... : 104249989
Total number of subunits ..... : 1
Point symmetry of the particle ..... : P222
Number of equivalent positions ..... : 4
Total number of scattering curves ..... : 1
1-st construct, of the first and the last subunits: 1,1
File name, 1-st experimental data ..... : sub_004.dat
Number of experimental points found ..... : 1370
Angular units multiplied by ..... : 0.1000
Experimental radius of gyration ..... : 248.0
Number of points in the Guinier Plot ..... : 5
Amplitudes, 1-st subunit ..... : mon00.alm
Number of points in partial amplitudes ..... : 51
Maximum order of harmonics ..... : 15
Evaluated from the file ..... : mon.pdb
Current subunit: 3089 atoms read, center at  0.03 -0.02  0.11
Spatial step in angstroms ..... : 5.000
Angular step in degrees ..... : 20.00
Cross value ..... : 68.20
Dock value ..... : 0.0
Discontiguity value ..... : 0.0
Cross penalty weight ..... : 10.00
Disconnectivity penalty weight ..... : 10.00
Docking penalty weight ..... : 0.5000
Expected particle anisometry ..... : Unknown
    
```



Fit of partial structures to SAXS data: sasref

```

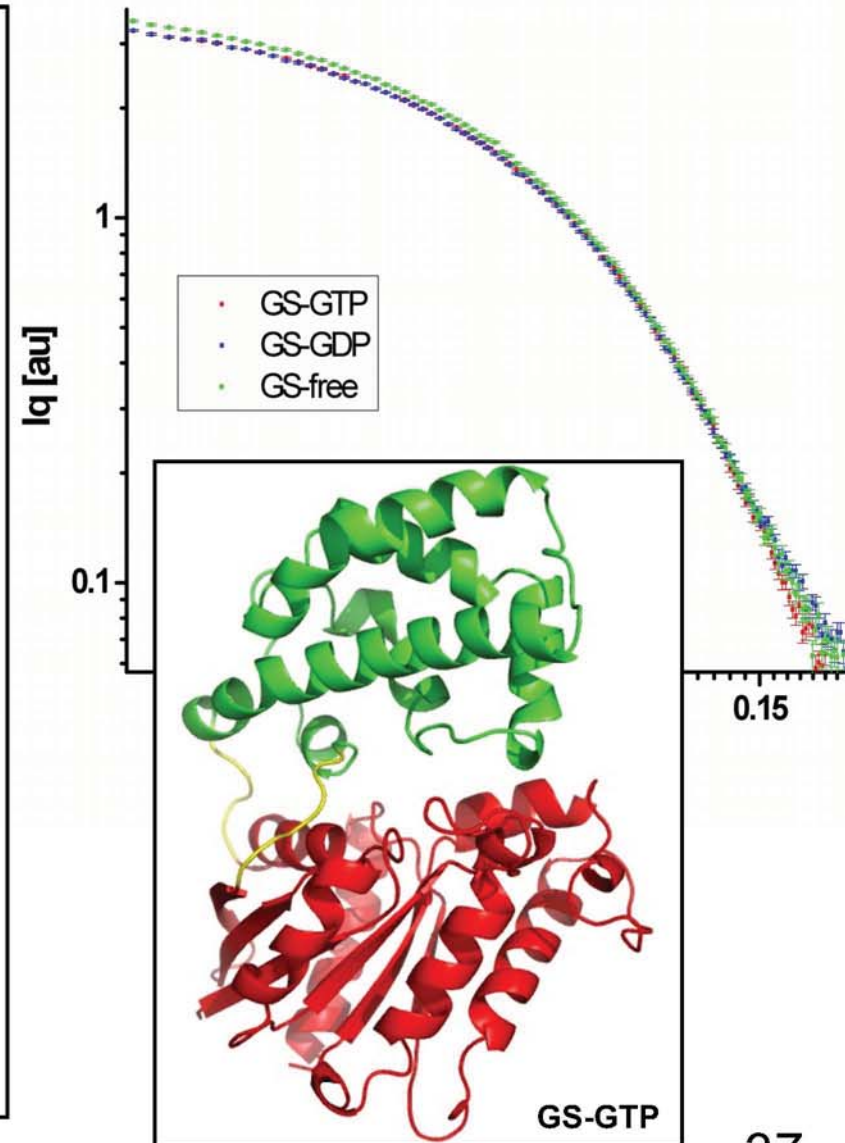
$ sasref
=== SASREF06 started at      21-May-2015  10:42:49
Computation mode ..... : User
Project identifier ..... : c9
Project description ..... : c9
Random sequence initialized from ..... : 104249989
Total number of subunits ..... : 1
Point symmetry of the particle ..... : P222
Number of equivalent positions ..... : 4
Total number of scattering curves ..... : 1
1-st construct, of the first and the last subunits: 1,1
File name, 1-st experimental data ..... : sub_004.d
Number of experimental points found ..... : 1370
Angular units multiplied by ..... : 0.1000
Experimental radius of gyration ..... : 248.0
Number of points in the Guinier Plot ..... : 5
Amplitudes, 1-st subunit ..... : mon00.alm
Number of points in partial amplitudes ..... : 51
Maximum order of harmonics ..... : 15
Evaluated from the file ..... : mon.pdb
Current subunit: 3089 atoms read, center at  0.03 -0.02  0.11
Spatial step in angstroms ..... : 5.000
Angular step in degrees ..... : 20.00
Cross value ..... : 68.20
Dock value ..... : 0.0
Discontiguity value ..... : 0.0
Cross penalty weight ..... : 10.00
Disconnectivity penalty weight ..... : 10.00
Docking penalty weight ..... : 0.5000
Expected particle anisometry ..... : Unknown
    
```



Fit of partial structures to SAXS data: coral

```

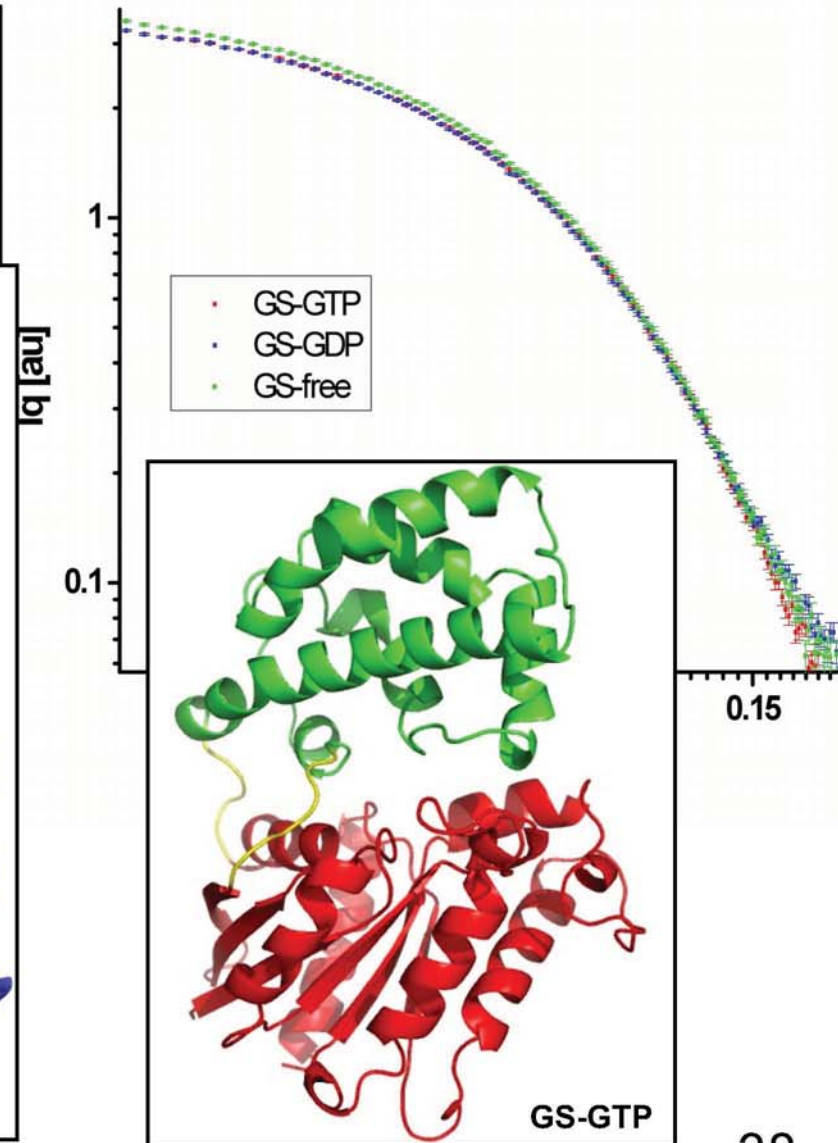
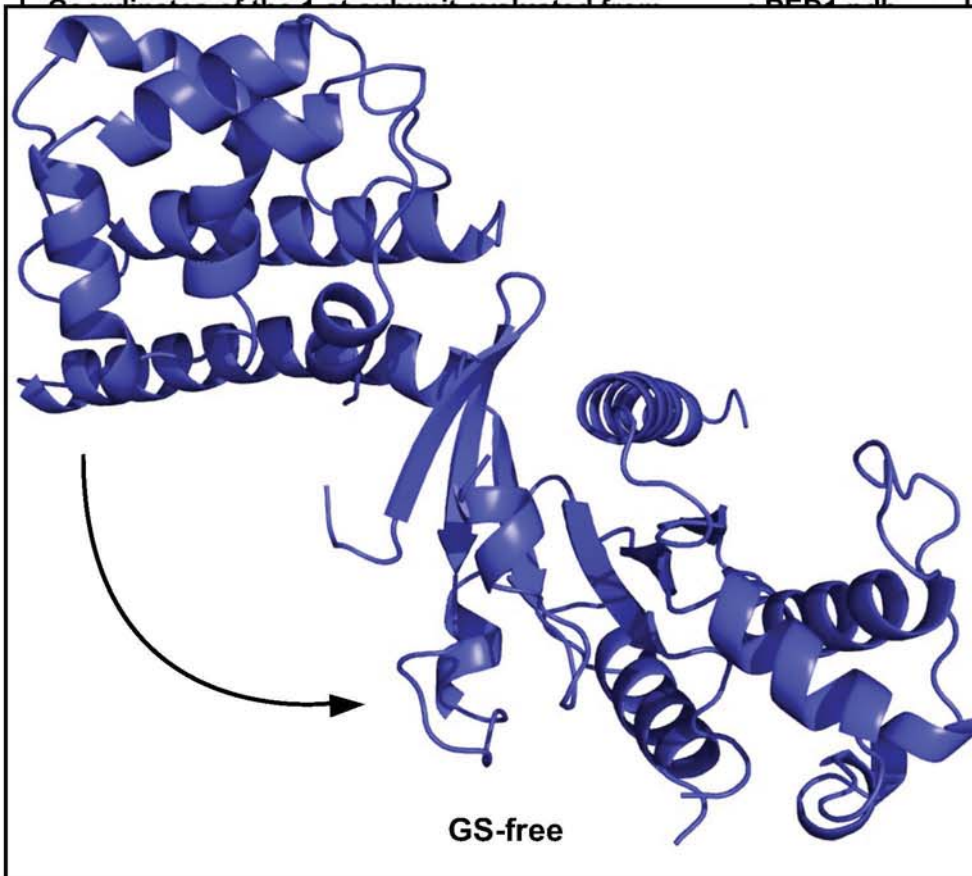
$ coral
=== CORAL05 started at      23-Apr-2015  19:35:35
Computation mode ..... : User
Project identifier ..... : 2-0a
Project description ..... : 2-0a
Random sequence initialized from ..... : 193535
File name with objects info ..... : c.con
Coordinates of the 1-st subunit evaluated from ..... : RED1.pdb
  198 atoms read, center at  26.89 -26.80  8.09
Subunit was fixed
Coordinates of the 2-nd subunit evaluated from ..... : GREEN.pdb
  911 atoms read, center at  52.99 -19.12 12.51
Coordinates of the 3-rd subunit evaluated from ..... : RED2.pdb
 1386 atoms read, center at  31.86 -35.37  1.03
Subunit was fixed
Number of backbone atoms generated ..... : 316
Averaged formfactors of DRs used
DR formfactor multiplier ..... : 1.000
Point symmetry of the particle ..... : P1
Number of equivalent positions ..... : 1
Cross penalty ..... : 0.3349
Cross penalty weight ..... : 100.0
Shift penalty ..... : 2.376
Shift penalty weight ..... : 1.000
Total number of scattering curves ..... : 1
1-st construct, the first and the last residues: 1 and 316
File name, 1-st experimental data ..... : GS-GTP-10mg.dat
Number of experimental points found ..... : 481
Experimental radius of gyration ..... : 22.20
.
.
.
  
```



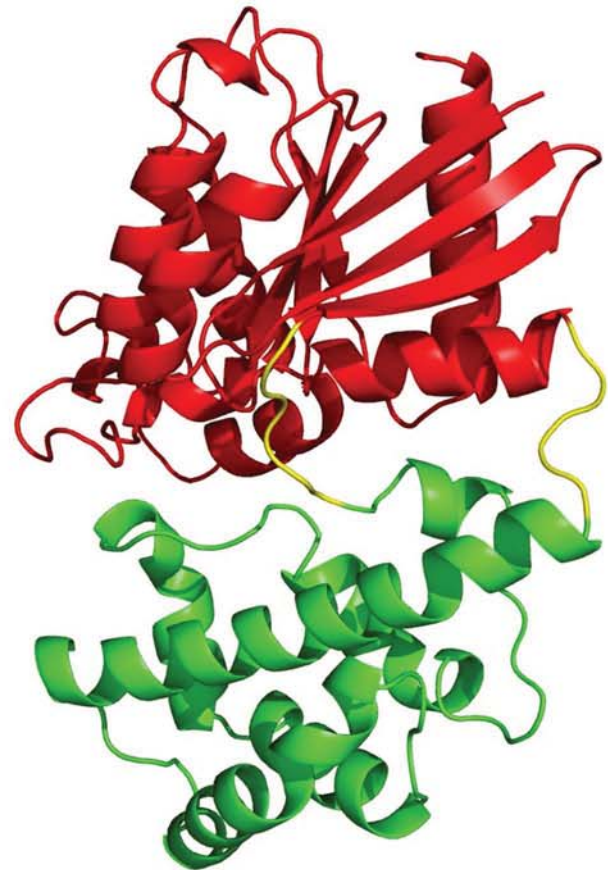
Fit of partial structures to SAXS data: coral

```

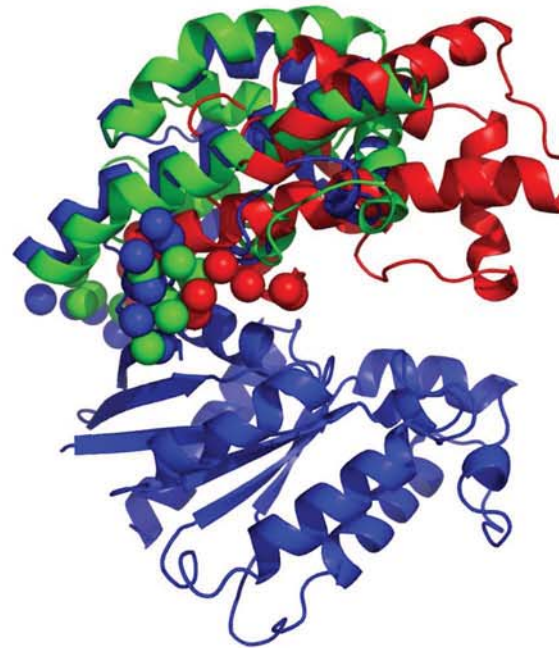
$ coral
=== CORAL05 started at    23-Apr-2015  19:35:35
Computation mode ..... : User
Project identifier ..... : 2-0a
Project description ..... : 2-0a
Random sequence initialized from ..... : 193535
File name with objects info ..... : c.con
  
```



Fit of partial structures to SAXS data: coral

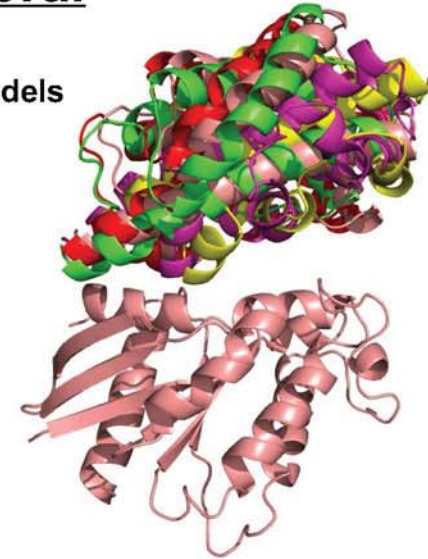


GS-GTP crystal



GS-GTP red
GS-GDP green
GS-free blue

GS-GTP 5 models



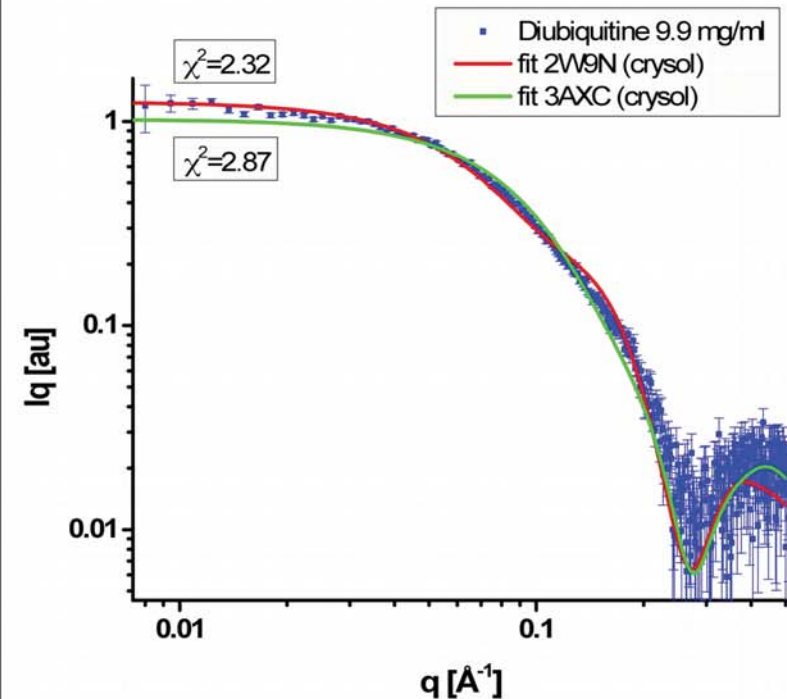
GS-GTP 5 models red
GS-GDP 5 models green

Fit of pieces of structures to SAXS data: eom

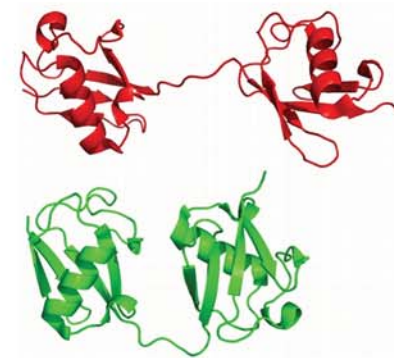
```

$ eom
  RANCH Version 2.0
Started: ..... : Fri Oct 17 16:06:44 2014
iSeed ..... : 1934479814
Chain type ..... : Random
Sequence file name: ..... : sequence.seq
Symmetry: ..... : P1
Symmetry type: ..... : aSymmetric
Number of residues: ..... : 1142
Number of domains: ..... : 2
-----
Domain number: ..... : 1
Path: ..... : diubi1.pdb
Fixed: ..... : 0
Oligomer: ..... : 0
DNA file name: ..... : None
-----
Domain number: ..... : 2
Path: ..... : diubi2.pdb
Fixed: ..... : 0
Oligomer: ..... : 0
DNA file name: ..... : None
Contact file name: ..... : None
Number of structures: ..... : 10000
Suffix of the pdb files: ..... : eom
Output Folder Path: ..... : ./
Number of experimental curves: ..... : 1
Experimental data filename (curve 1): ..... : diubi_9p9_subtr.dat
  
```

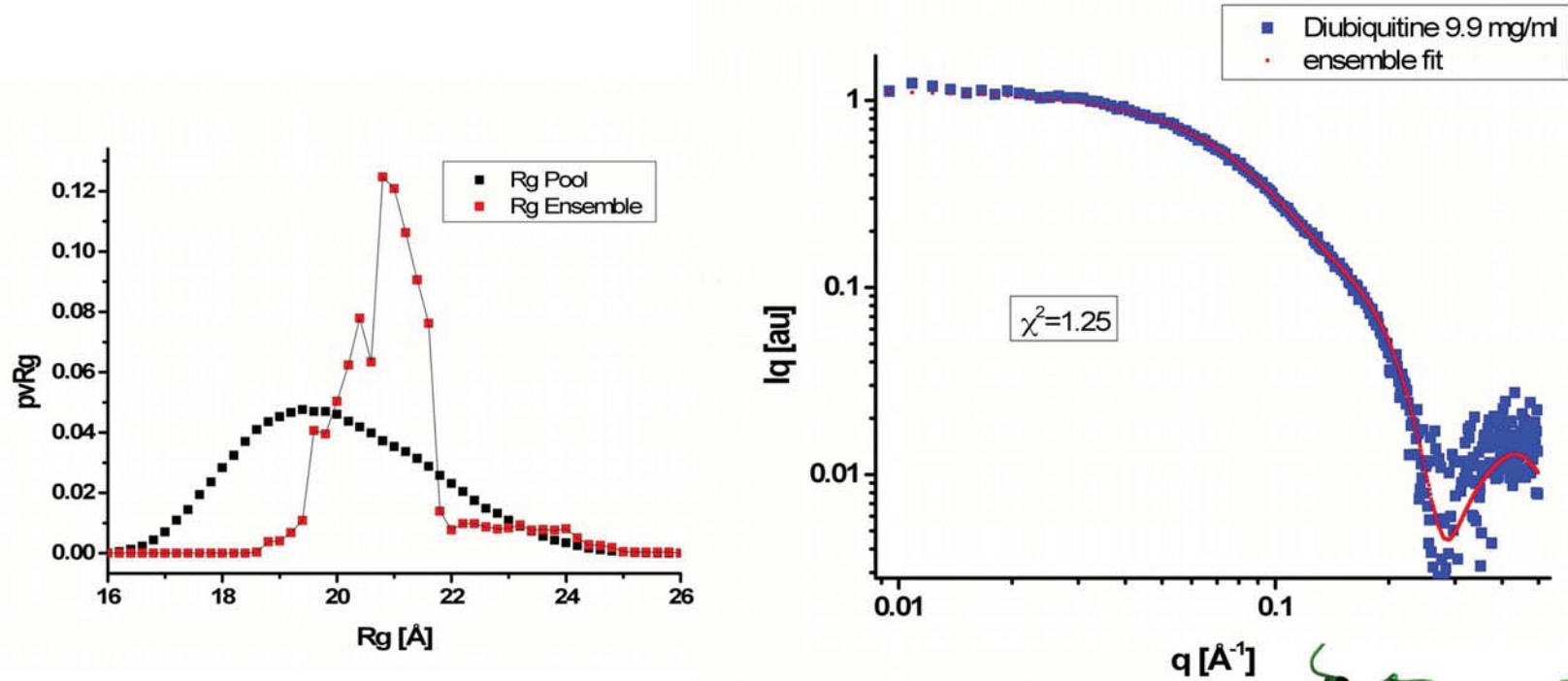
Sequence file has fasta format (without comments and chain information)



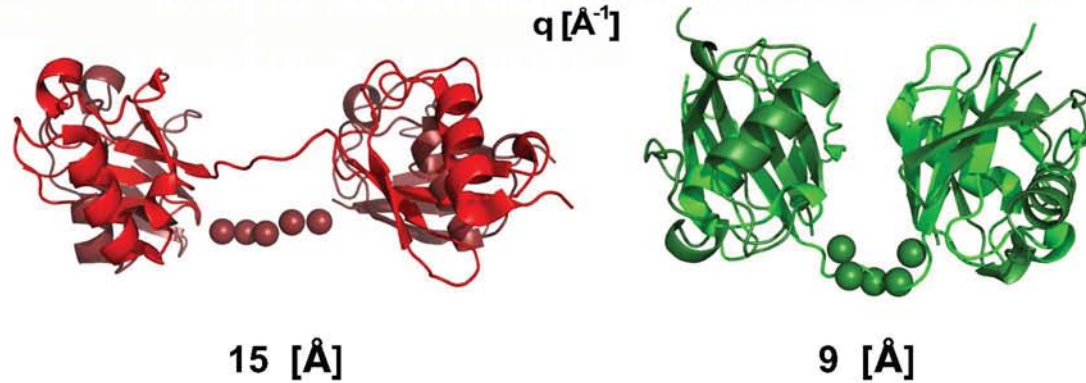
Crystal structures
2W9N (red)
3AXC (green)

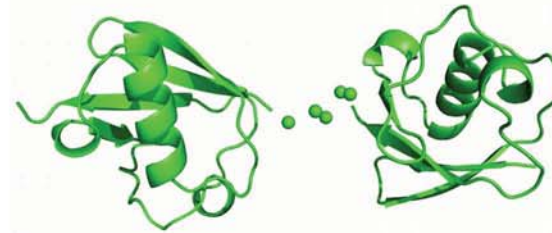
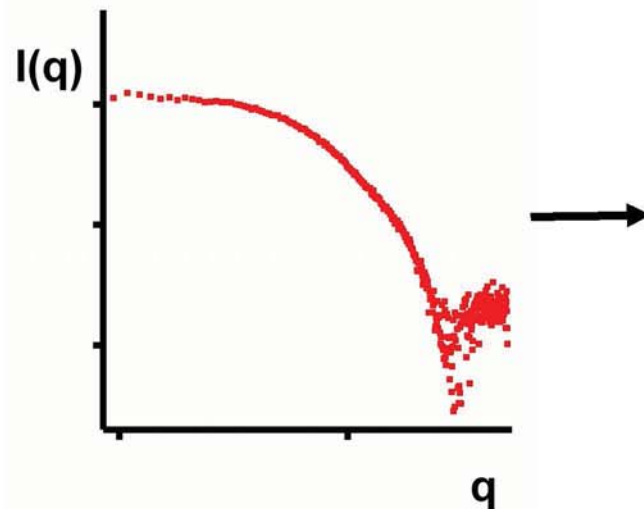


Fit of pieces of structures to SAXS data: eom



Overlay of Ensemble Models and Crystal Structures

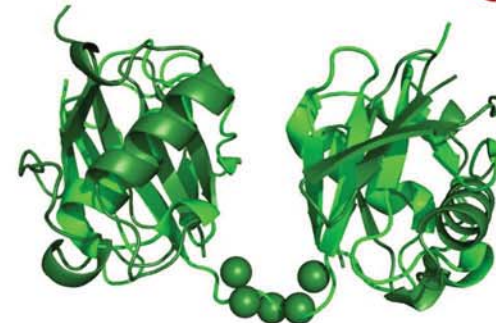




Rigid body model
(average structure)

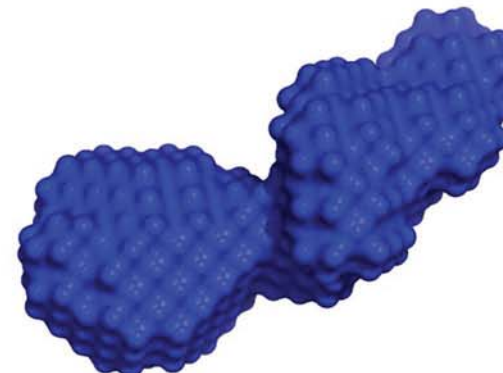


Ensemble Ratio
38:62
(possible conformations of a flexible molecule)



Depending on the initial assumption or question modeling of data with different software leads to different results.

All these results are correct within the limiting factors of the software



Dummy model
(bead model without any structural information)

Thanks

